



UNBC GEOGRAPHY, EARTH &
ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCES

MEET & GREET

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 5TH @ 5:30PM

UNBC LIBRARY EVENT SPACE - ROOM 5-140E

MAIN FLOOR OF LIBRARY

- *WDCAG 2025 CONFERENCE PLANNING
- *MEET FACULTY & OTHER STUDENTS
- *HEAR FROM GEES CLUB EXEC

JOIN US FOR PIZZA & CONVERSATION - EVERYONE WELCOME!

@unbcgeography_ensc

Places in the World whose Climates match with places in RUSSIA

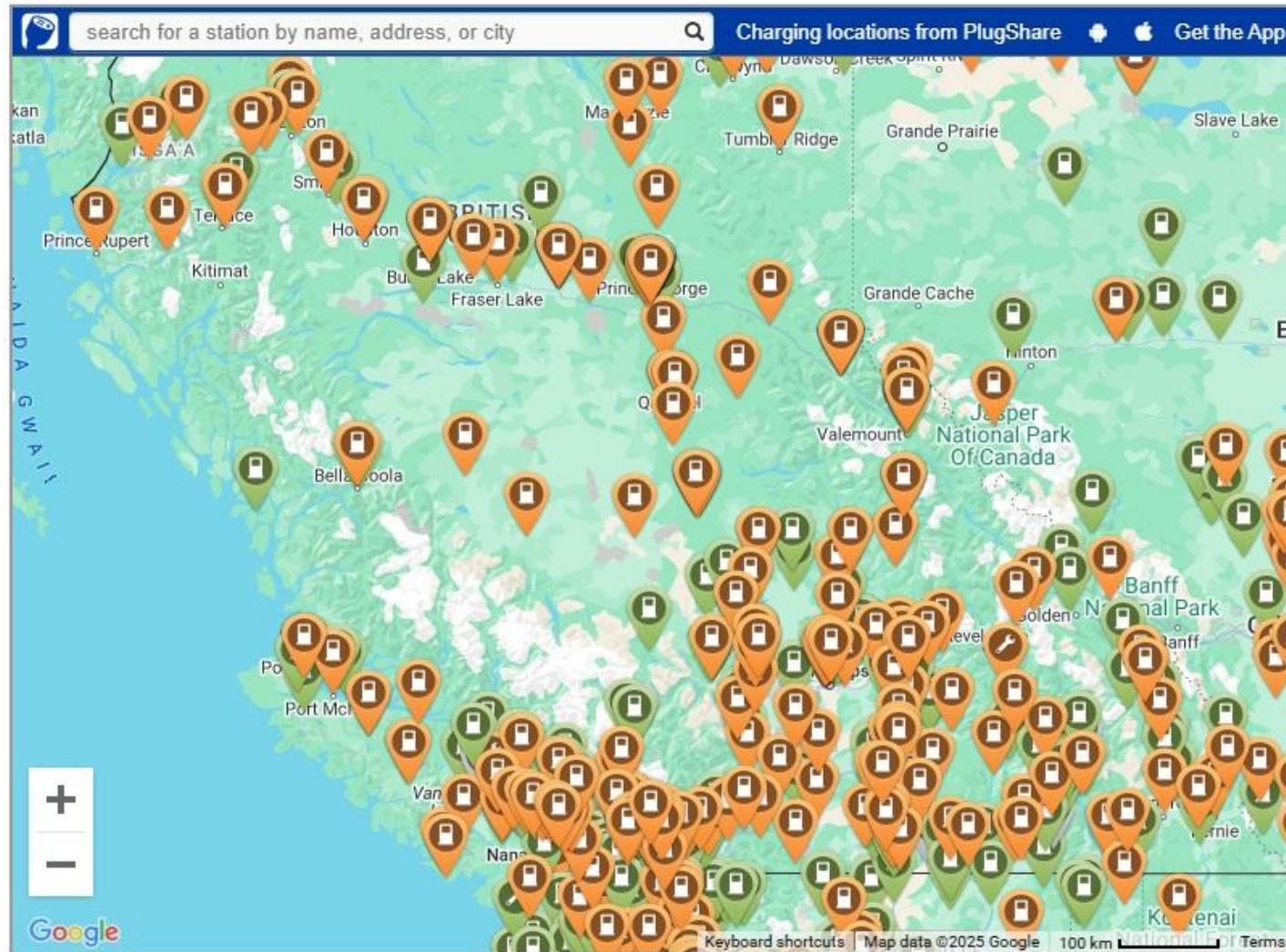


RED ZONE:
 CENTRAL-EAST ILLINOIS, USA
 CENTRAL INDIANA, USA
 CENTRAL & SOUTH OHIO, USA

LEGEND	
Good Match	The Average Monthly Temperatures & Koppen Classifications match best.
Special Mention	Koppen Classifications match very well, however the temperatures falling below -12.5°C (9.5°F) are ignored for the comparison.

Thematic mapping:

A. point symbols



<https://pluginbc.ca/charging/finding-stations>

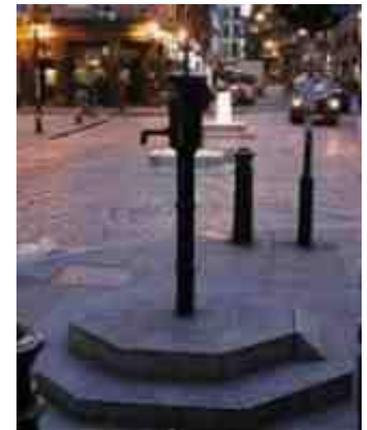
Map viewers <http://bombsight.org>

1. Dot maps

Dr. John Snow used a dot map to identify the Broad Street Pump in London responsible for the spread of cholera - previously thought to be wind-borne.

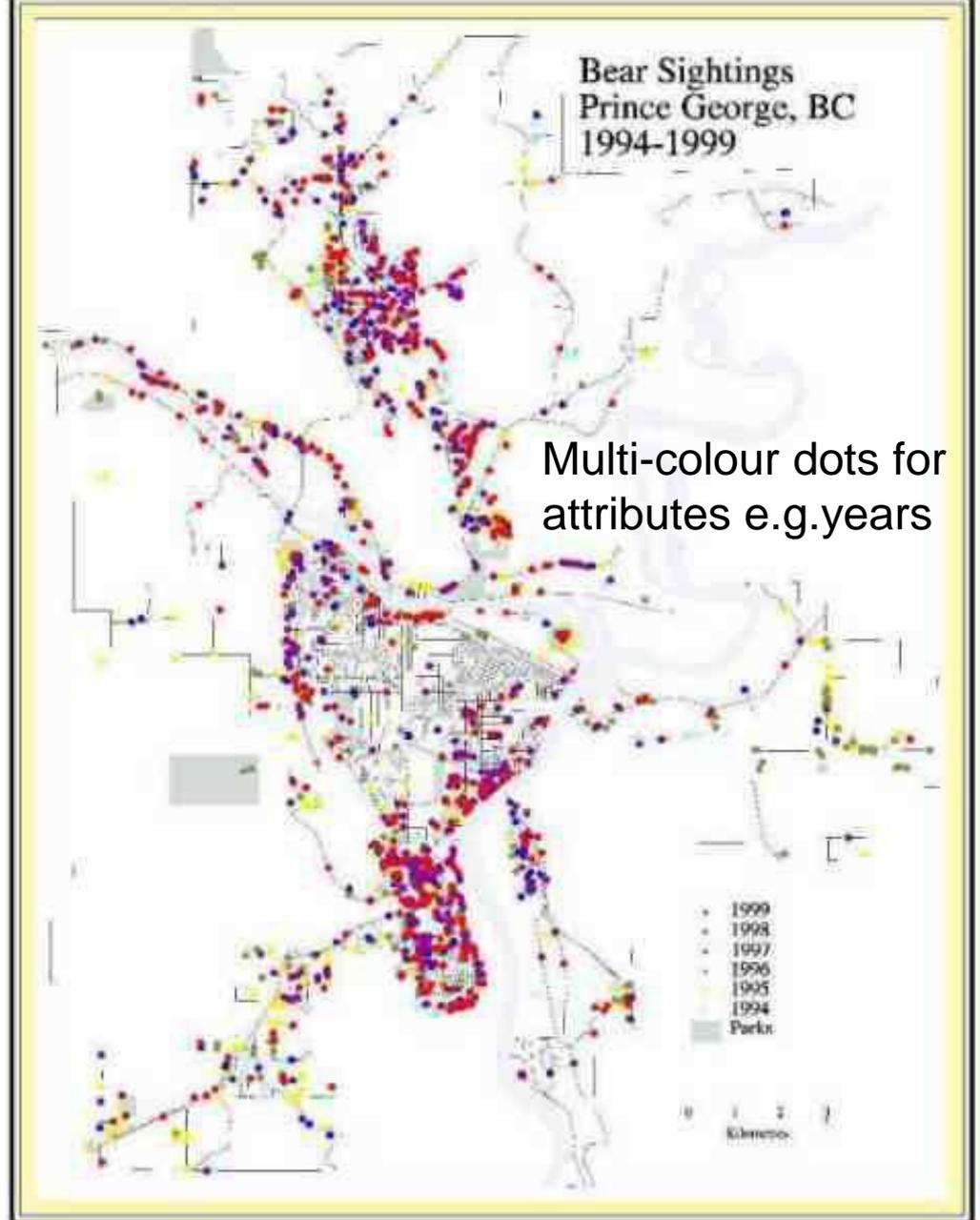


1 dot for each fatality



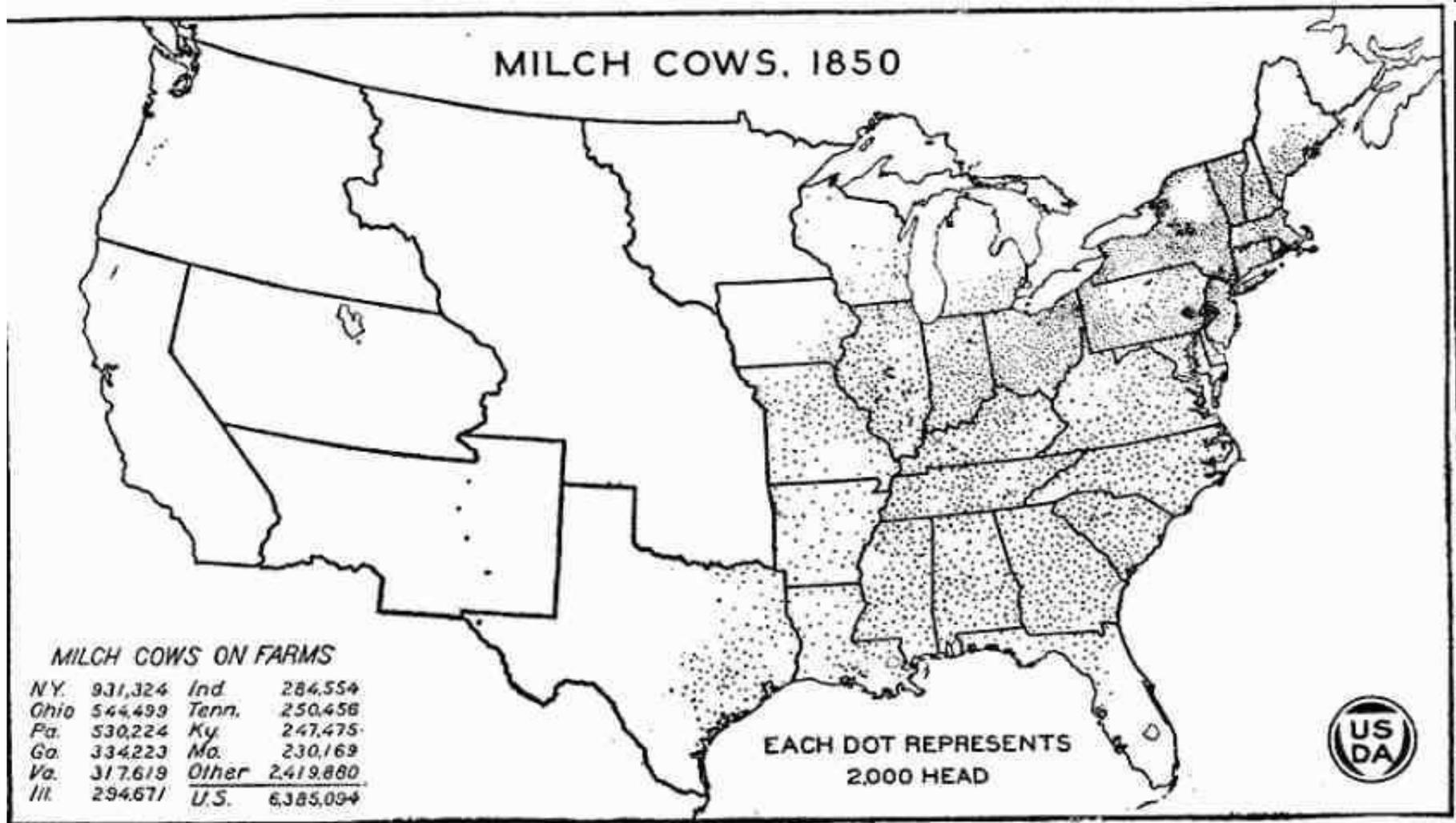
Black bear sightings, 2010

Yellow = sighting; Red = destroyed

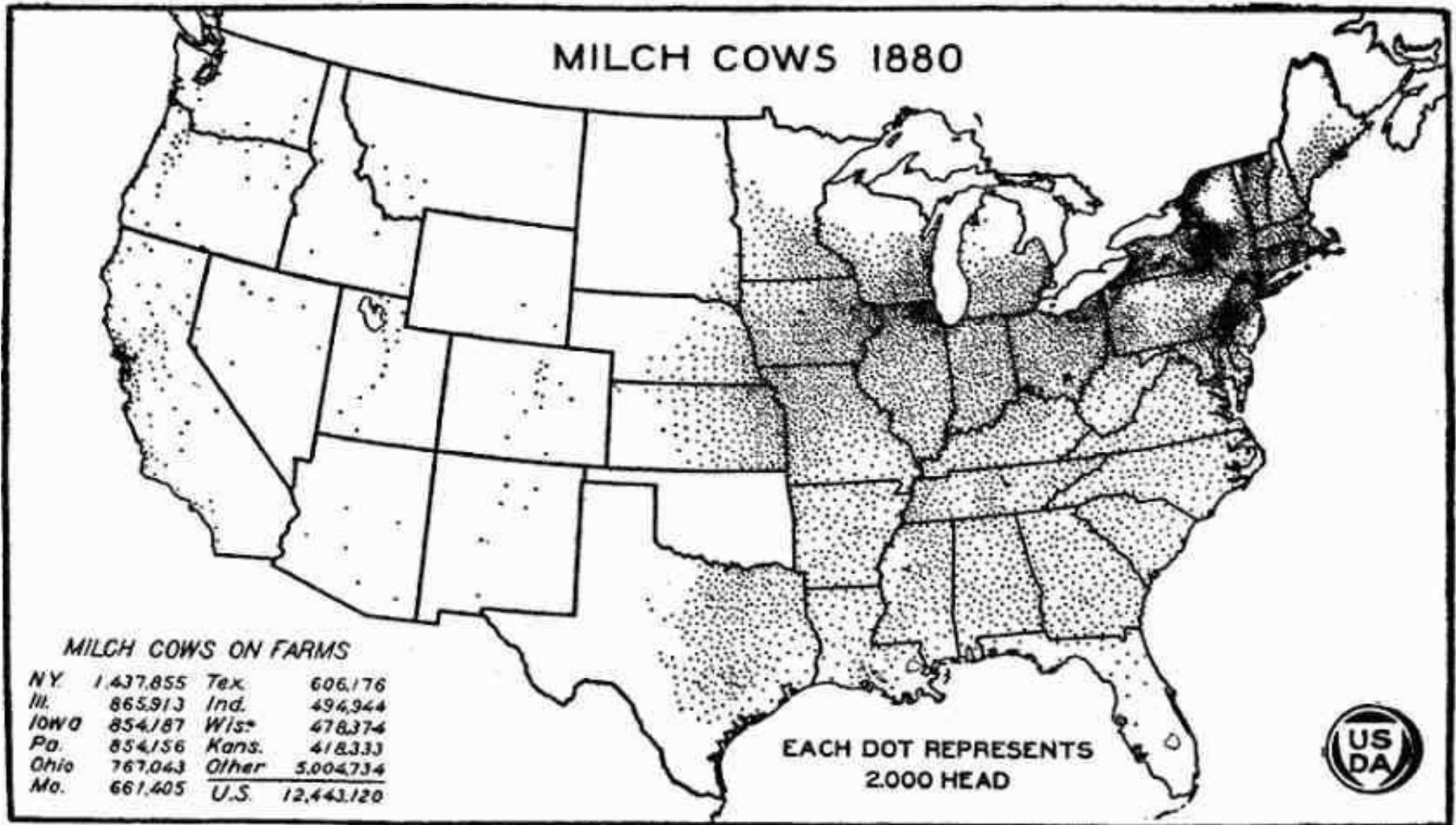


It breaks down when: exact locations are not feasible OR there are too many locations
Then instead we use a variable size symbol, where size = number of occurrences

Using a 'thematic' scale (1 dot = 2000 cows)



Dot maps – easy to draw, simple to understand



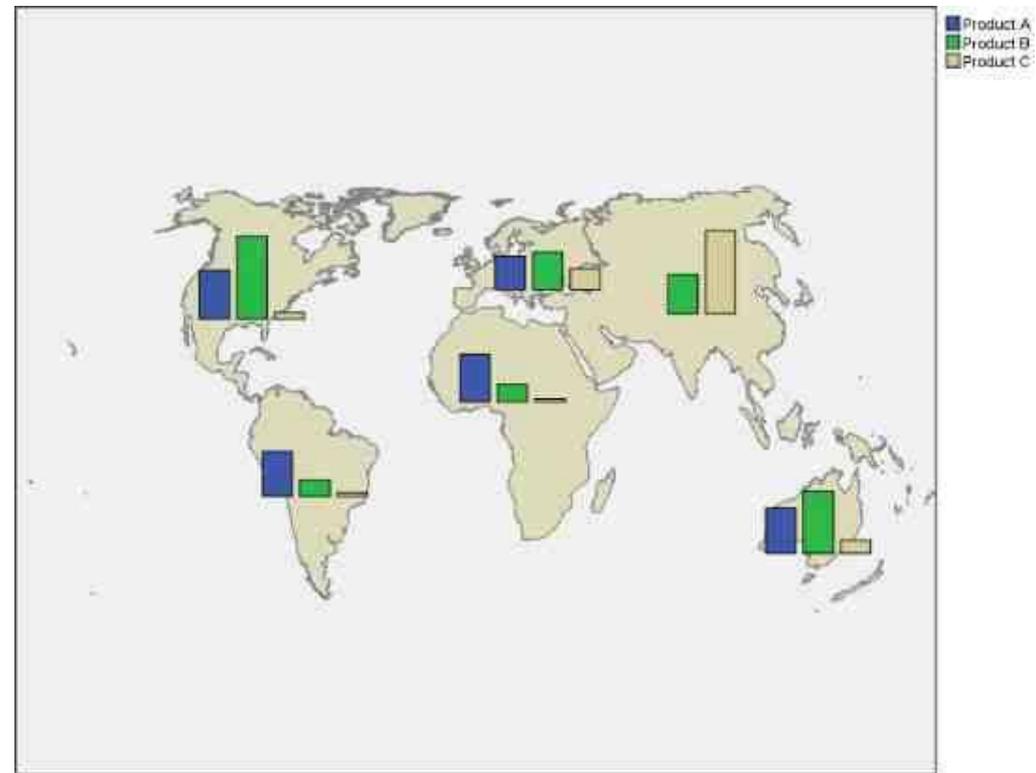
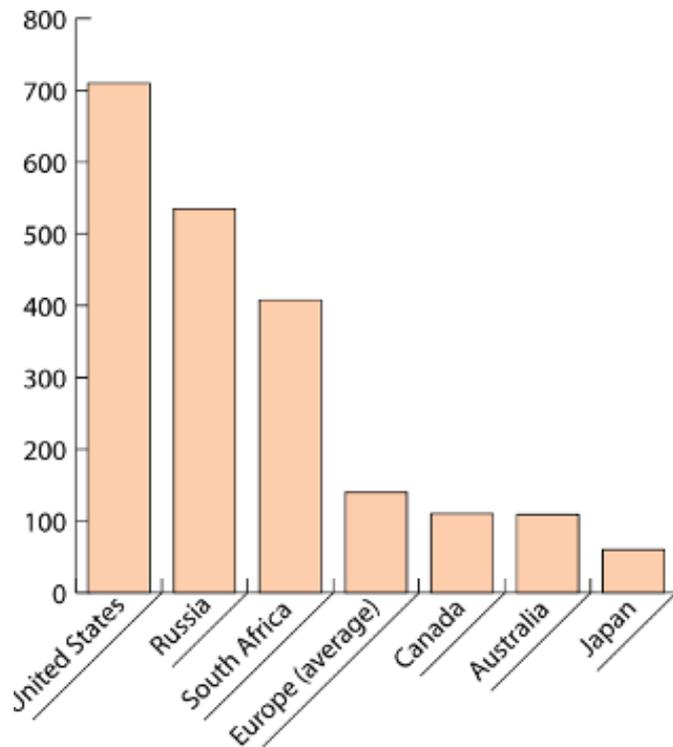
It gives a quick visual impression, but a poor estimate of actual numbers.

2. Proportional Symbols - bars

These indicate values at a point, or in an area. The simplest is a bar.

Proportional bars:

The height of the bar is proportional to the value represented
e.g. same as in a bar chart



NHL PLAYERS BY PROVINCE

Where the Canadian-born players for the 2013-14 season hailed from, and their average number of career points. New Brunswick, it's time to get in the game.

Brad Richards,
Murray Harbour, P.E.I.

Height of
pucks =
'Thematic
scale'



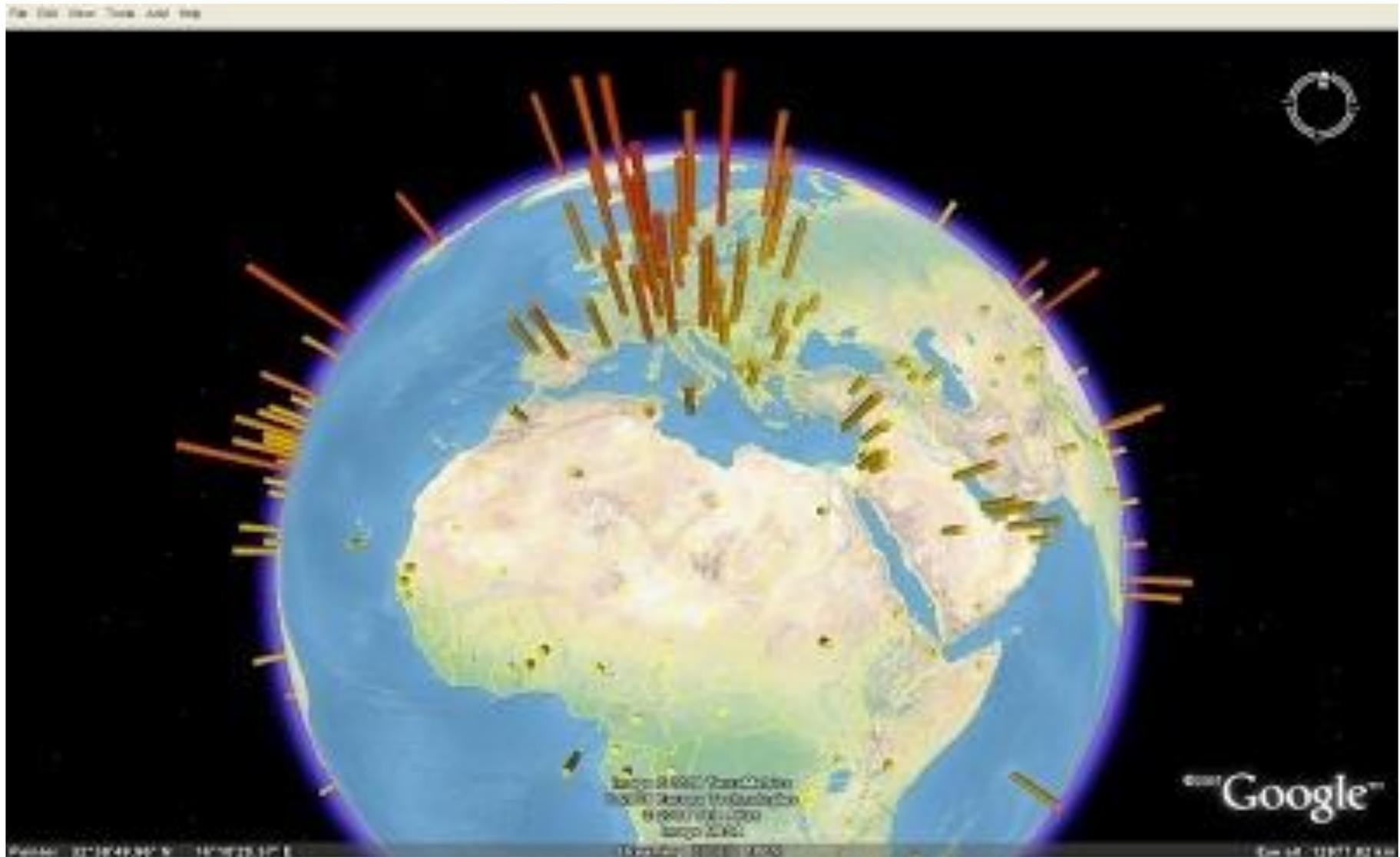
Cody Franson,
Sicamous, B.C.

Source: QuantHockey.com;
Maclean's 2014

MACLEAN'S

<https://freegeographytools.com/2008/thematic-mapping-in-google-earth>

Making thematic maps with google earth « *Internet users per 100 population* »



3. Proportional (formerly 'Graduated') circles

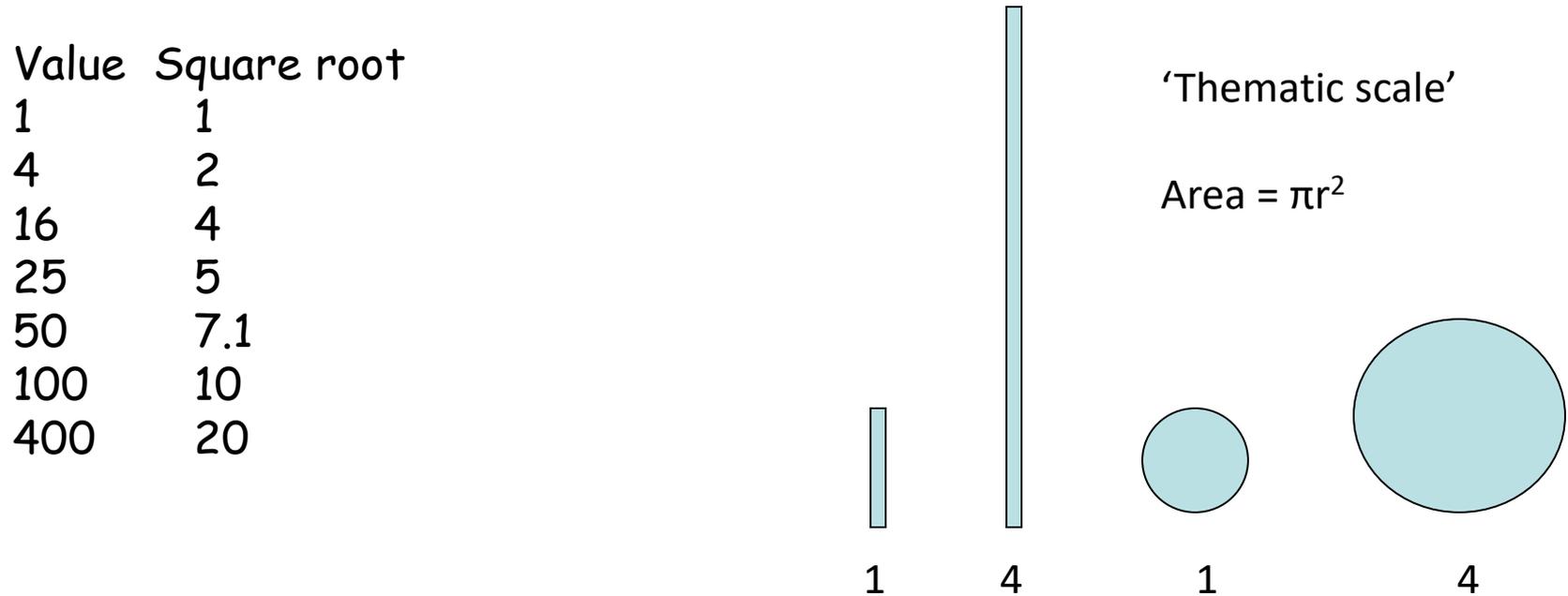
.... Area of circle symbol is proportional to the value represented

Britain comes first for Movember donations

Funds raised by the Movember campaign in 2013 (in £. million)



The advantage of circles over bars: (2D v 1D)



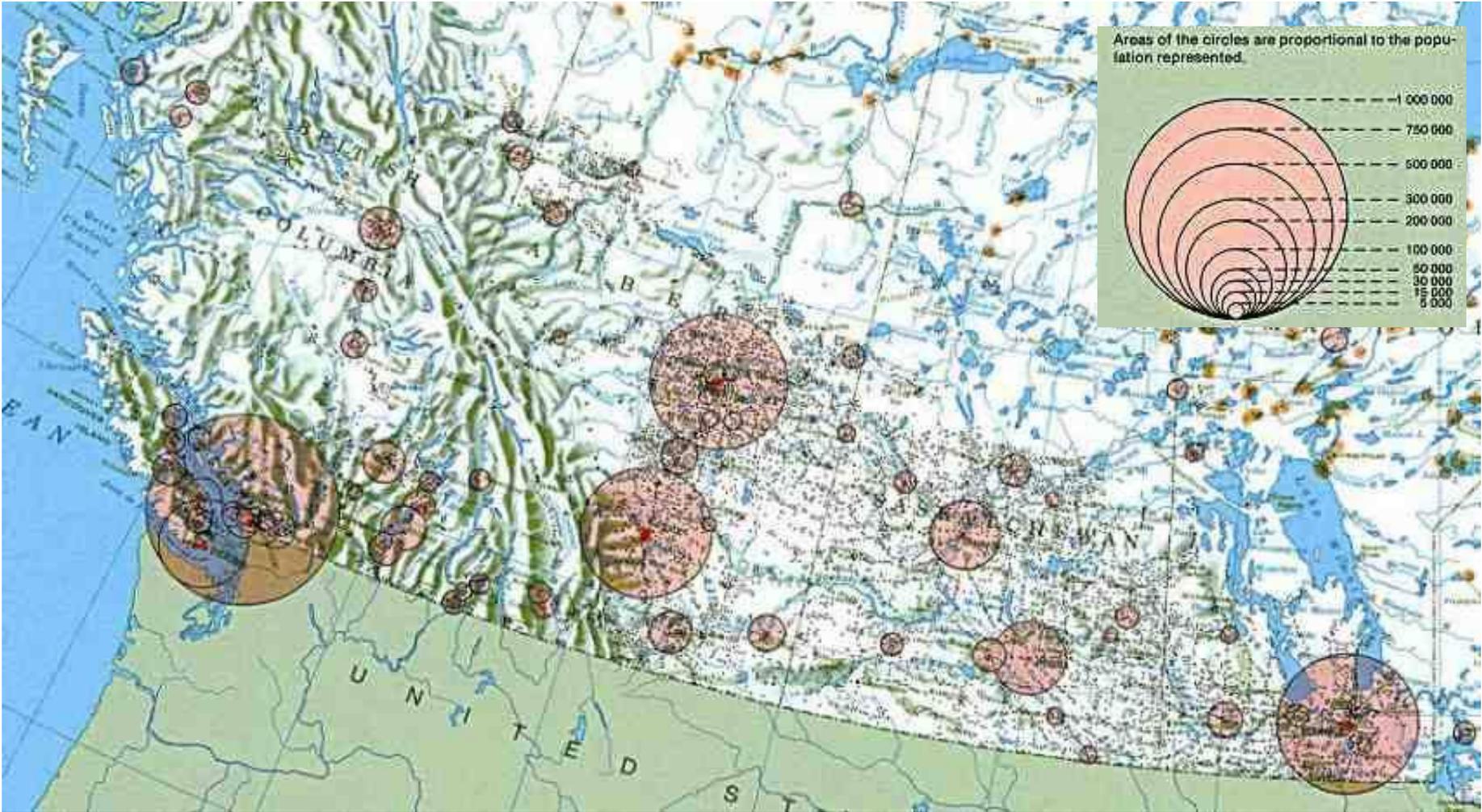
Bars are **proportional in height to the value**

Circle **areas** are proportional to the value -
...the radius is proportional to **square root of the value**

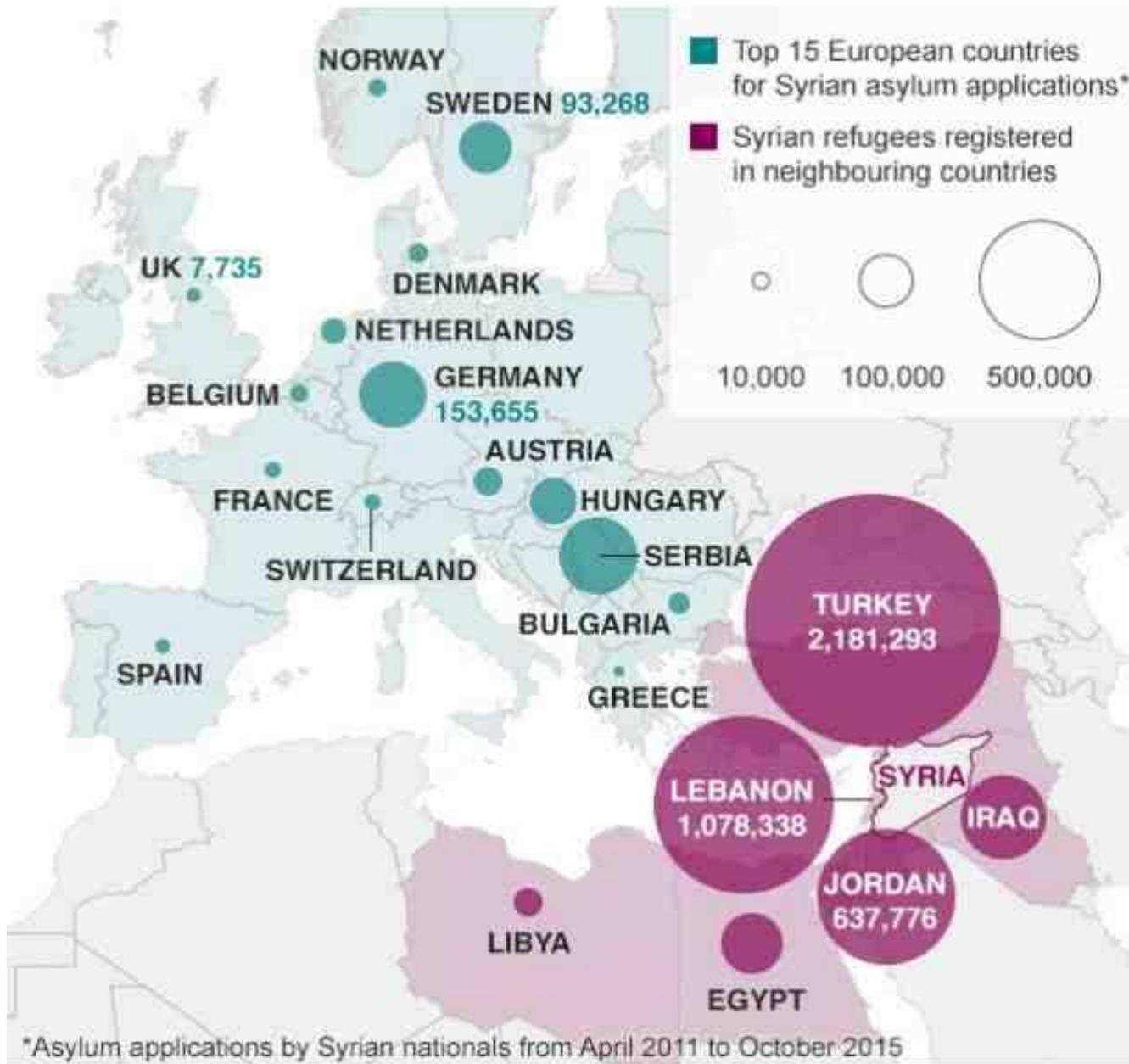
Thus it can handle greater data ranges than the bar, and has been used more than any other point symbol in thematic mapping

Legend: sample circles, nested or strung out, use round numbers

Too many sample circles!



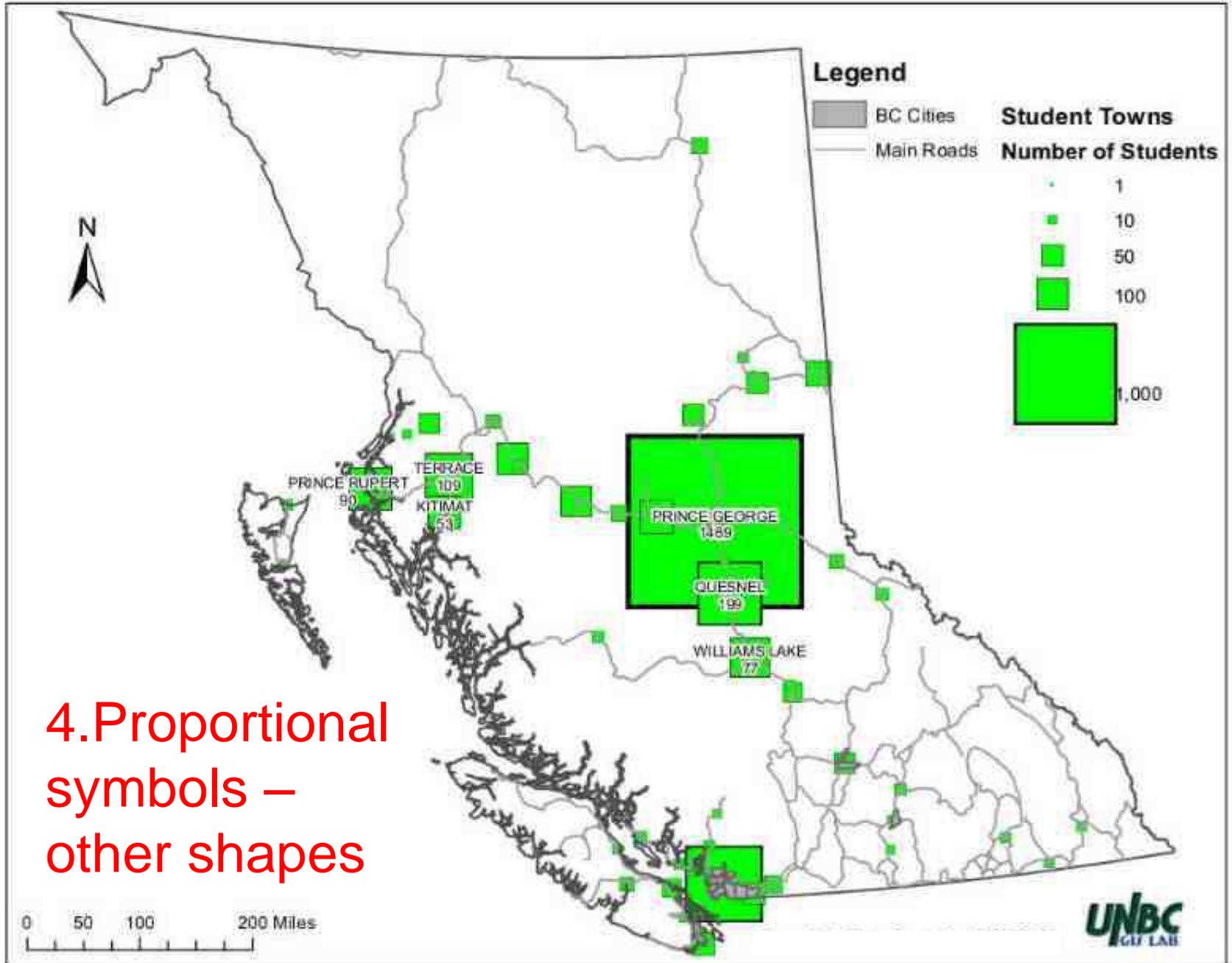
Syrians in neighbouring countries and Europe



Legend

'thematic scale'

Distribution of UNBC Students



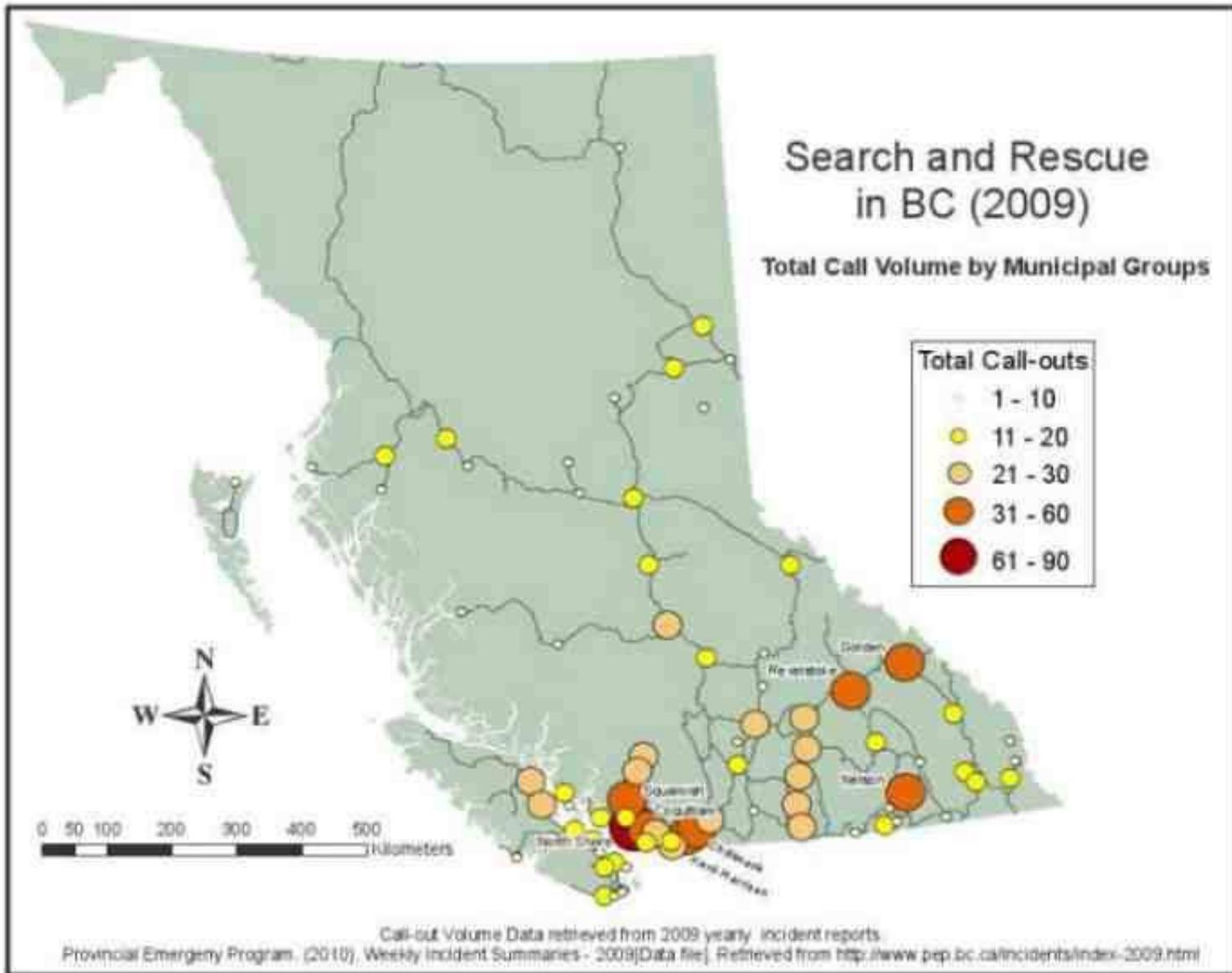
4. Proportional symbols – other shapes

USA election results 2016 (hexagons)



○ Size/number shows electoral votes per state ● Clinton ● Trump ● No projection yet

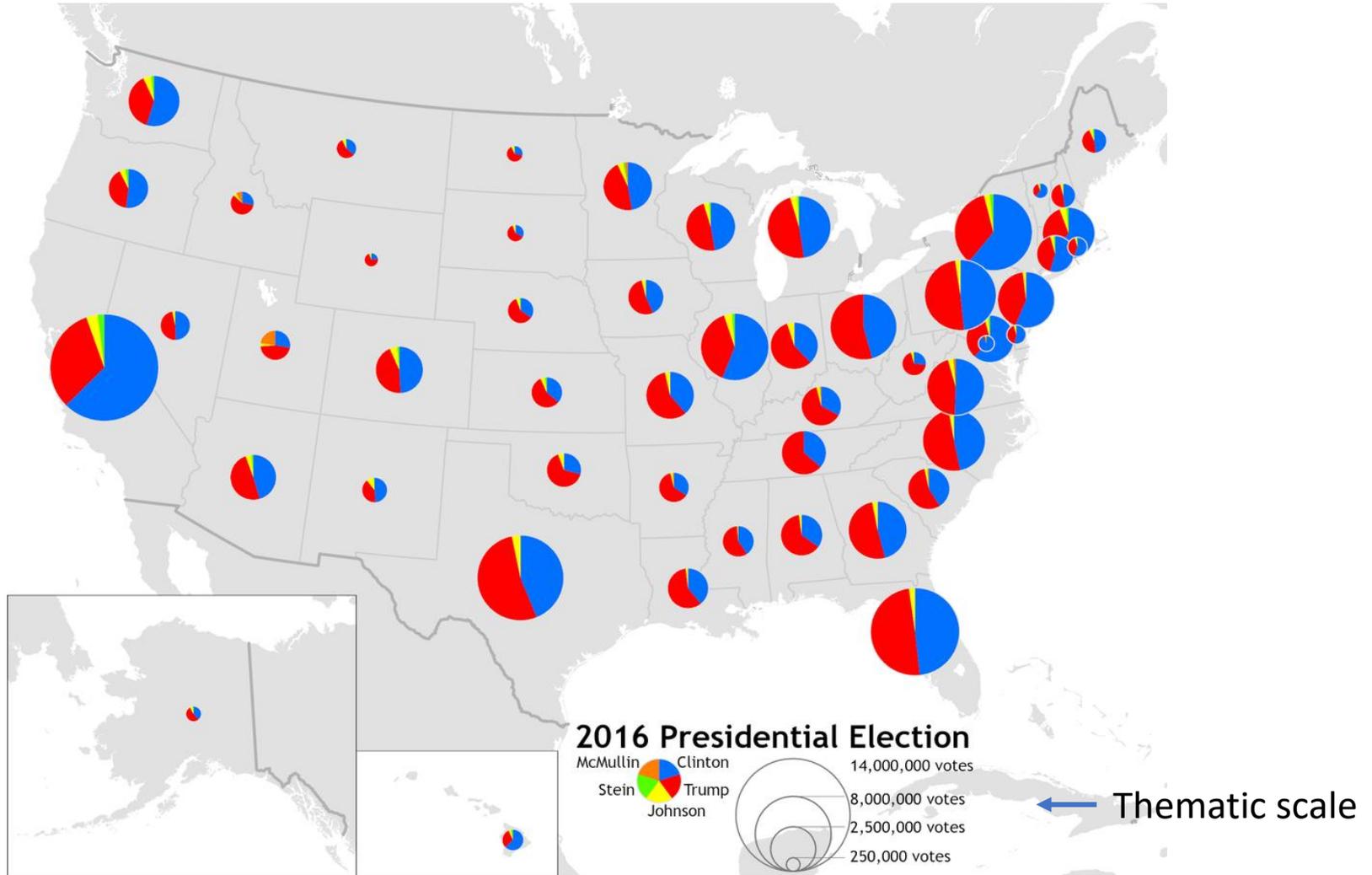
5. Graduated ('Range Graded') Symbols: grouped in classes



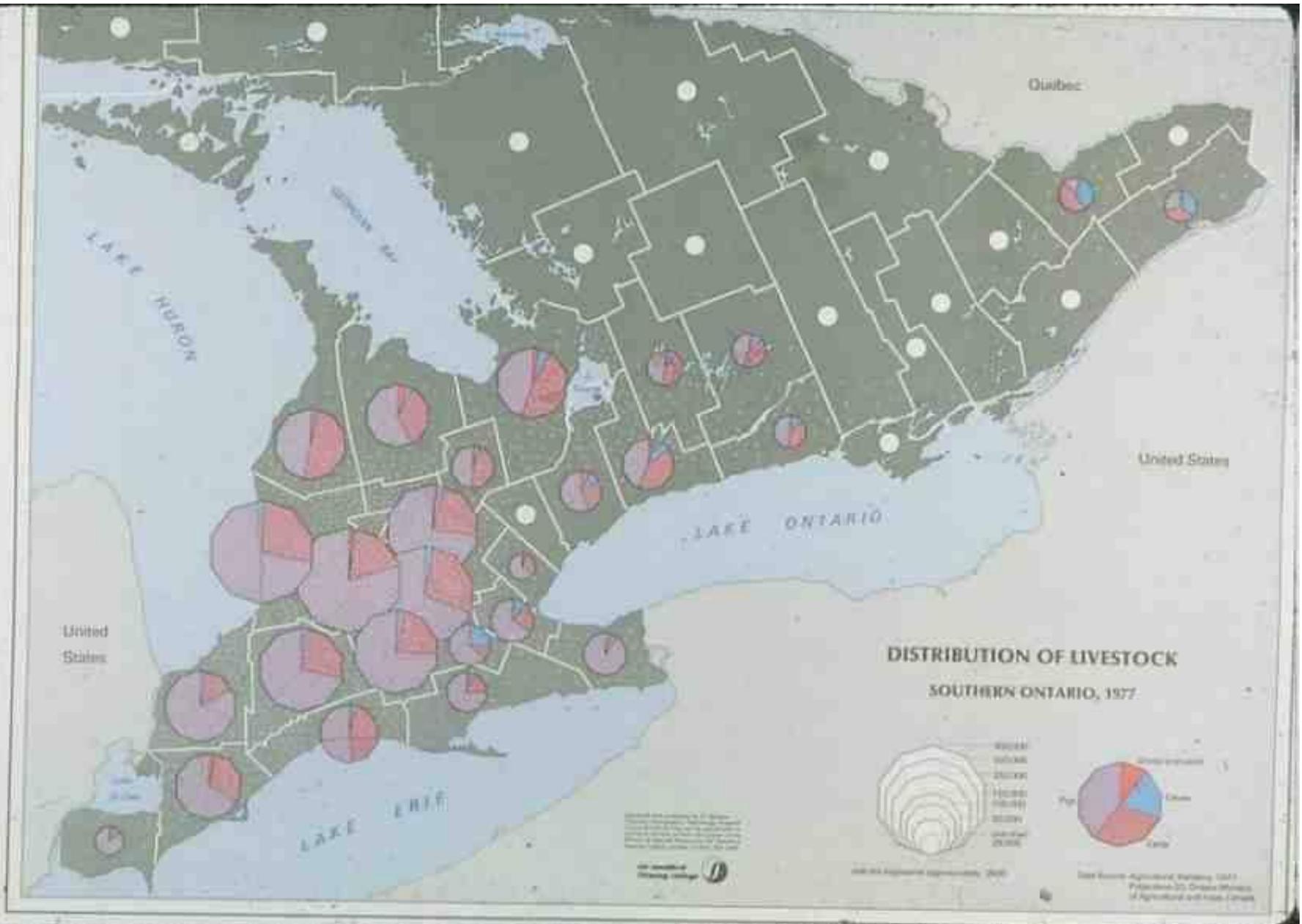
Where it is not feasible to keep all symbols individually proportional to their values, they can be grouped into classes and shown by a symbol size ~proportional to the class range central value. The design of these classes should be based on grouping similar values.

6. Segmented Proportional Symbols

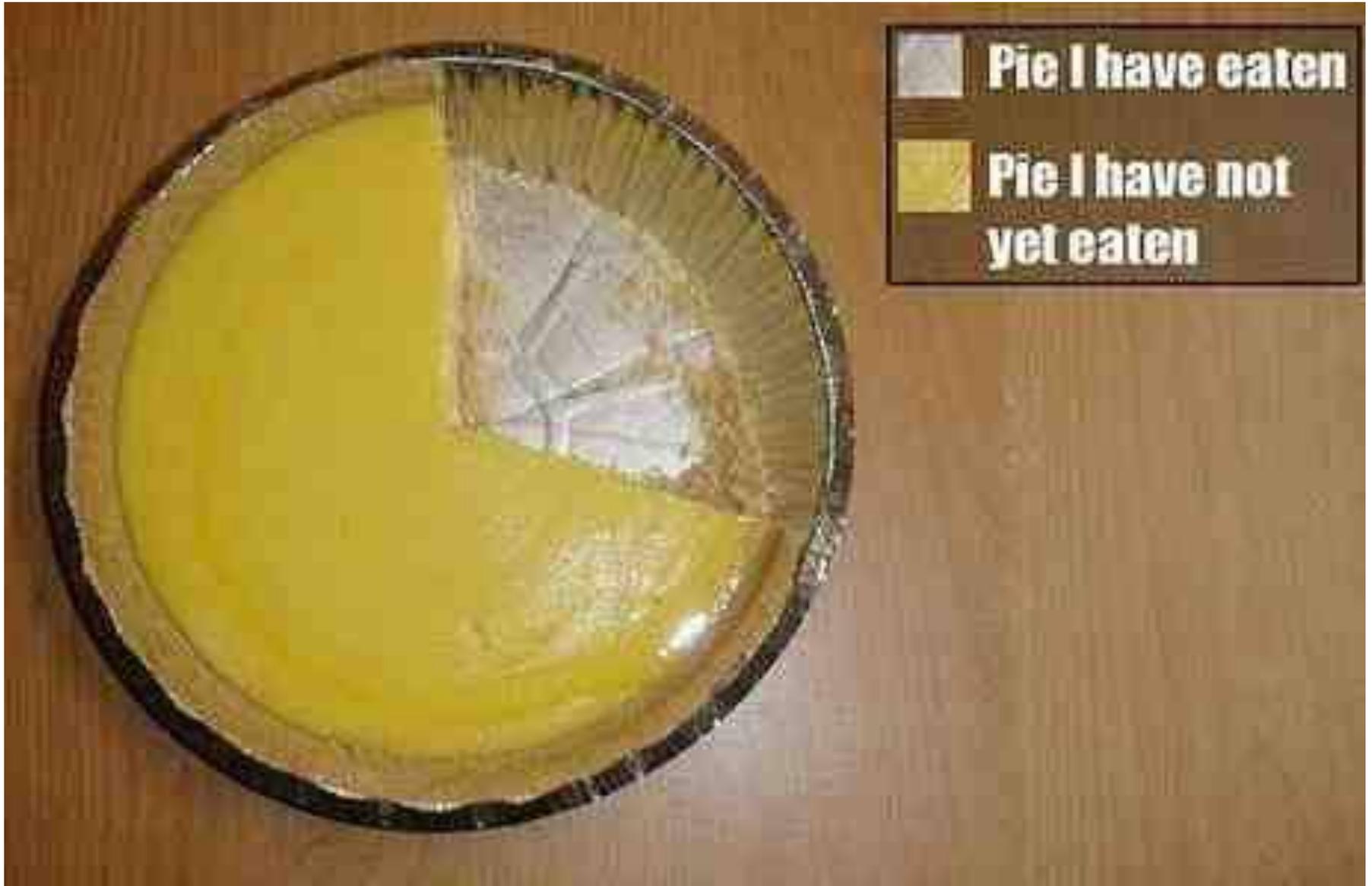
Circles are divided into 'pie' sections, starting at the '12 o'clock' position and progressing clockwise round, always in the same sequence for the subdivisions.



Segmented proportional symbols - decagons (loonies?)



Segmented symbols / Pie chart humour

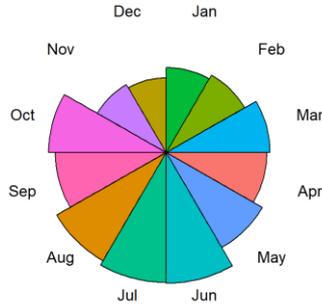


Alternative segmented circles

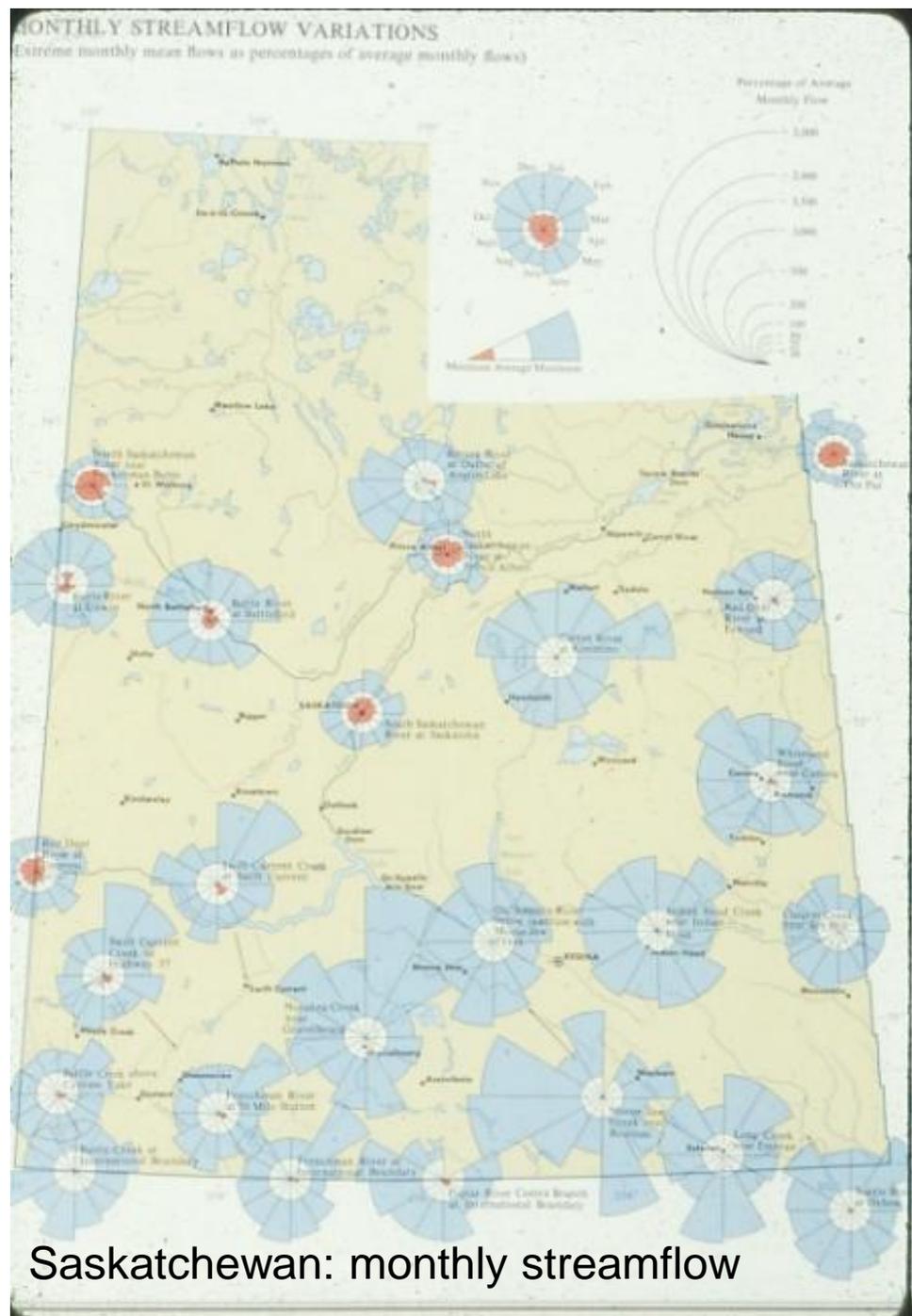
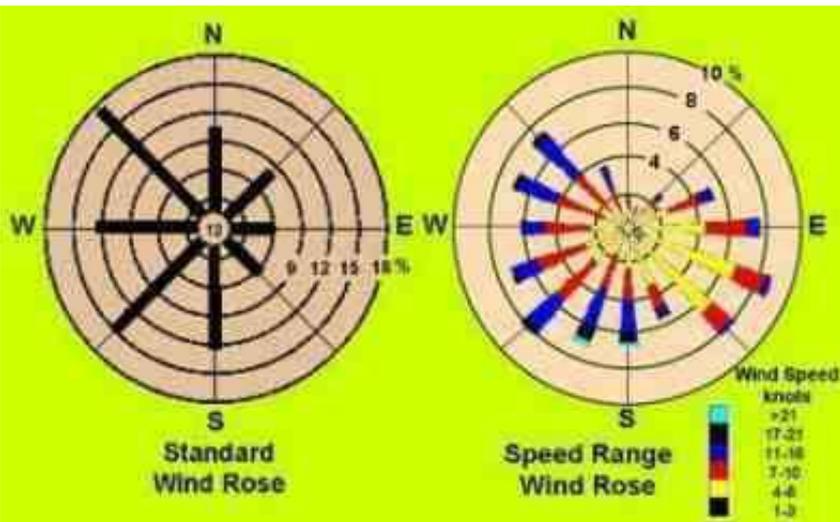
'polar diagrams'

'pie sections' are equal in number of degrees, but vary in radius, according to the value.

Number of FIA plot measurements in each month
Minimum of 12,796 in Dec; maximum of 22,836 in June



This is used where it is important to directly compare the constituent values, e.g. [river flow](#) over 12 months, or wind speeds from the 8 cardinal directions (a 'wind rose').

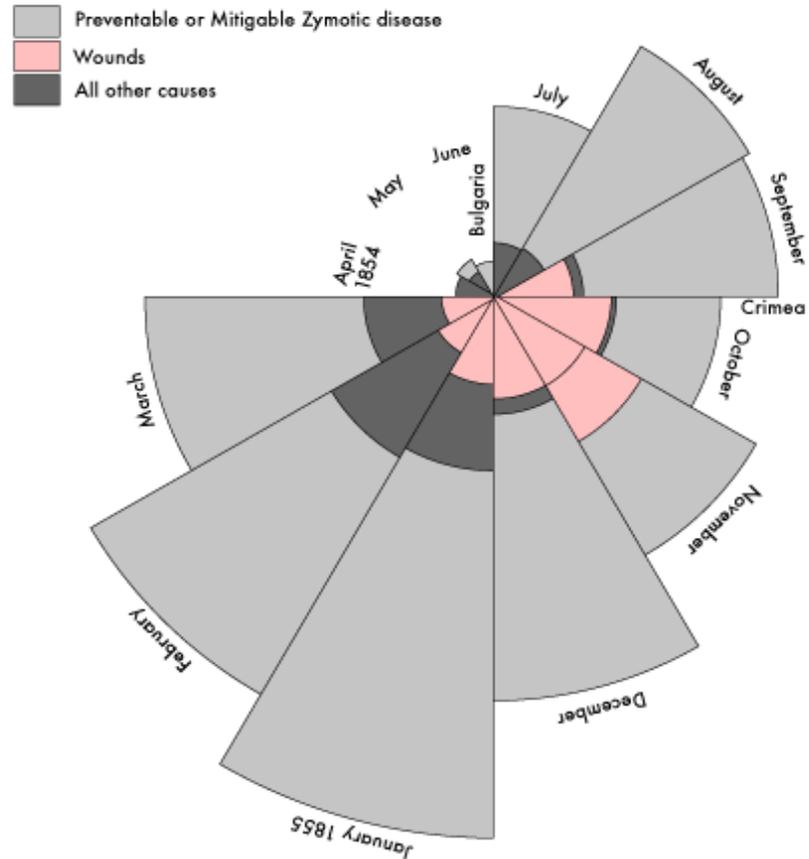


Polar diagrams

Florence Nightingale



Diagram of the Causes of Mortality in the Army in the East



The black line across November 1854 marks the boundary of the deaths from all other causes during that month. In October 1854, the black coincides with the red.

Florence Nightingale
1856

7. Volumetric graduated symbols:

$$\text{Volume} = \frac{4}{3} \pi r^3$$

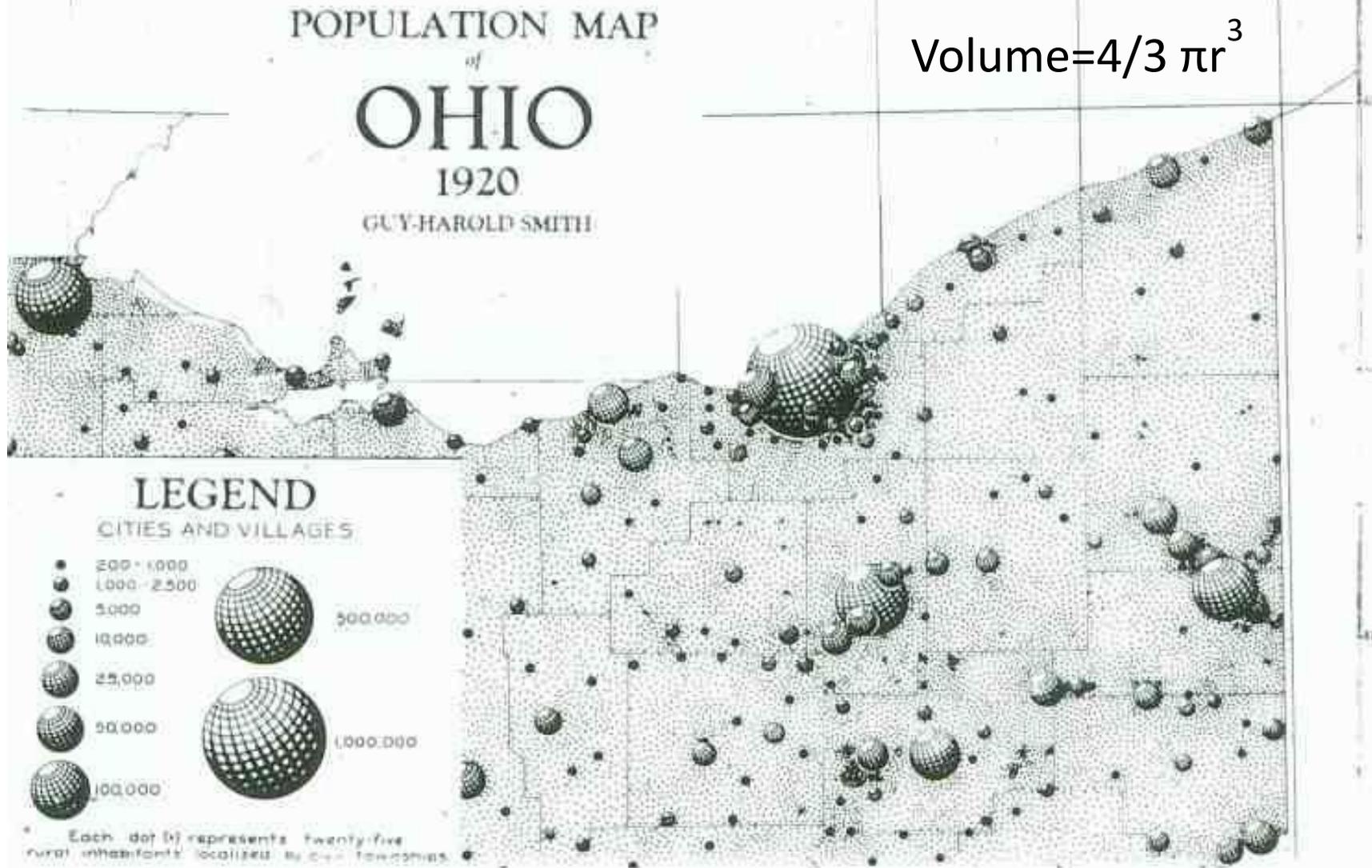


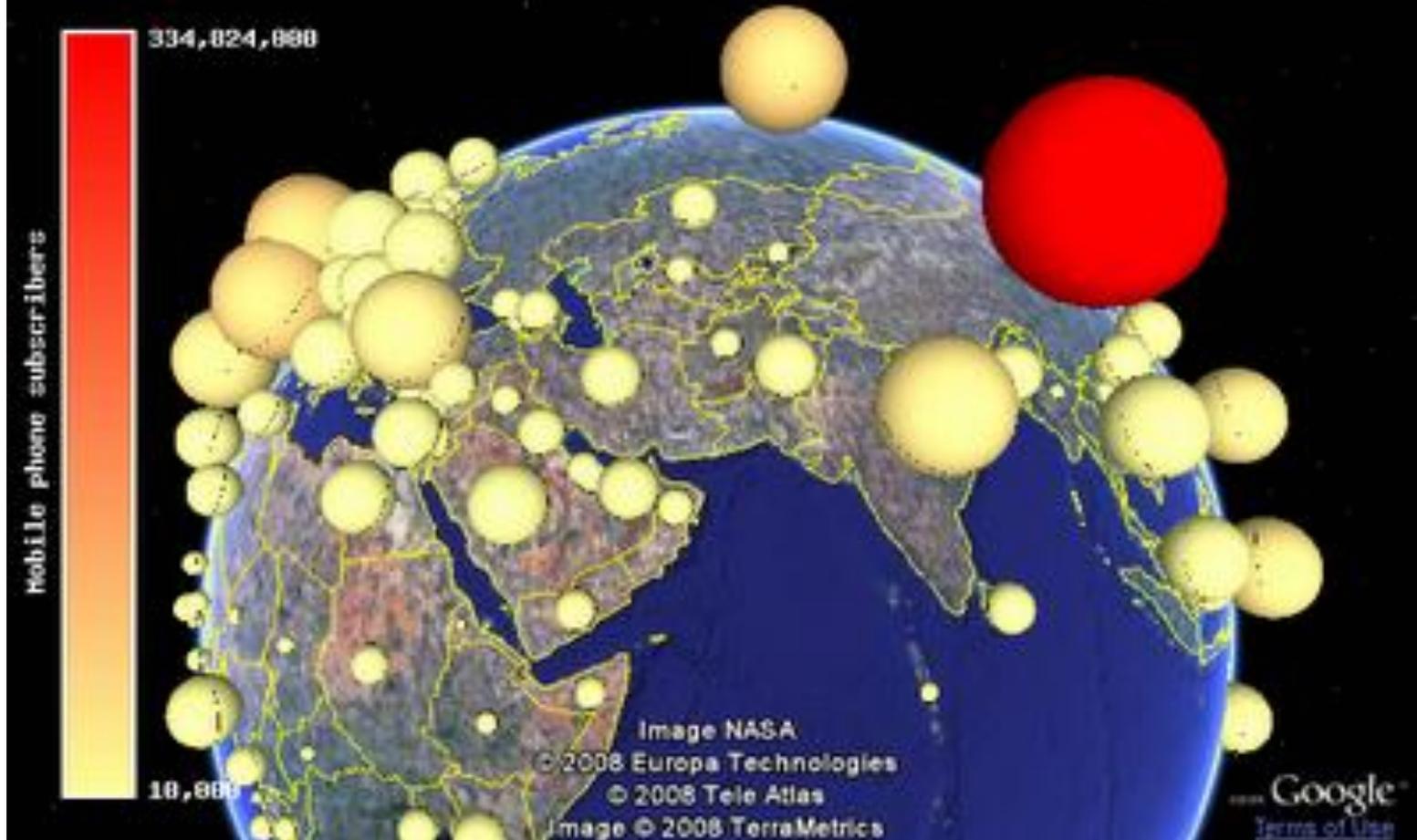
Figure 6.13 A portion of a population map of Ohio (1920) drawn by Guy-Harold Smith. Compare with Fig. 6.8. (Courtesy of the author and *The Geographical Review*, published by the American Geographical Society of New York.)

thematicmapping™

Mobile phone subscribers

Statistics from UNdata

They are visually 3D and apply a value proportional to perceived volume.

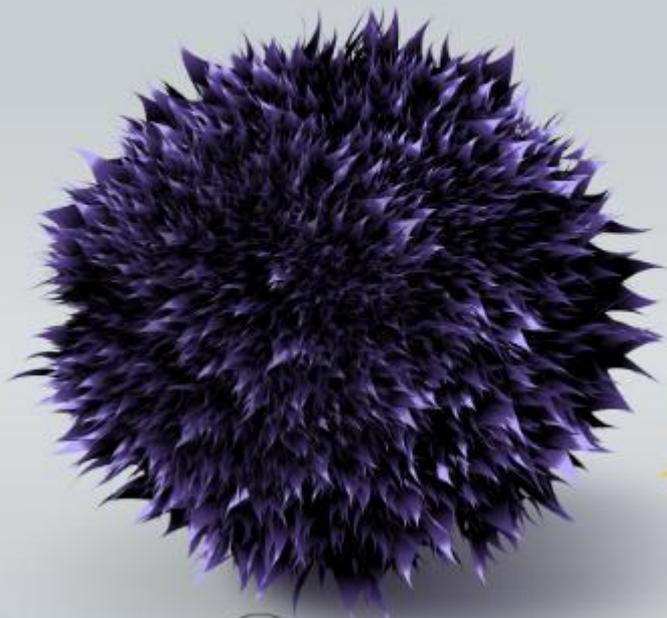


These can handle even greater data range than circles, -> a sphere radius is proportional to the cubed root of values e.g. 1:1000 becomes 1:10.

World's deadliest pandemics

200M

Black Death (Bubonic Plague)
1347-1351



56M

Smallpox
1520



40-50M

Spanish Flu
1918-1919



30-50M

Plague of Justinian
541-542



'Thematic
← Scale'



The plague originated in rats and spread to humans via infected fleas.

The outbreak wiped out 30-50% of Europe's population. It took more than 200 years for the continent's population to recover.

Smallpox killed an estimated 90% of Native Americans. In Europe during the 1800s, an estimated 400,000 people were being killed by smallpox annually. The first ever vaccine was created to ward off smallpox.

The death toll of this plague is still under debate as new evidence is uncovered, but many think it may have helped hasten the fall of the Roman Empire.



25-35M

HIV/AIDS

1981-PRESENT



12M

The Third Plague

1855



5M

Antonine Plague

165-180



3M

17th Century Great Plagues

1600



2.2M*

COVID-19

2019-9:22AM PT,
FEB 01, 2021
[ONGOING]



1.1M

Asian Flu

1957-1958



1M

Russian Flu

1889-1890



1M

Hong Kong Flu

1968-1970

7m: 2023



Summary - thematic point techniques

- Dot maps (and other same-size shapes)

Graduated symbols

Bar - linear (1D) proportional symbol

Circle - 2D proportional symbol (and other shapes)

- Graduated (Range graded) symbols - classed by size
- Segmented symbols - subdivided by subcategories

Spheres - 3D proportional (volumetric) symbol

Line techniques: 1. Graduated line symbols:

are used to indicate movement or FLOW (line width = amount)

36 Chapter Six

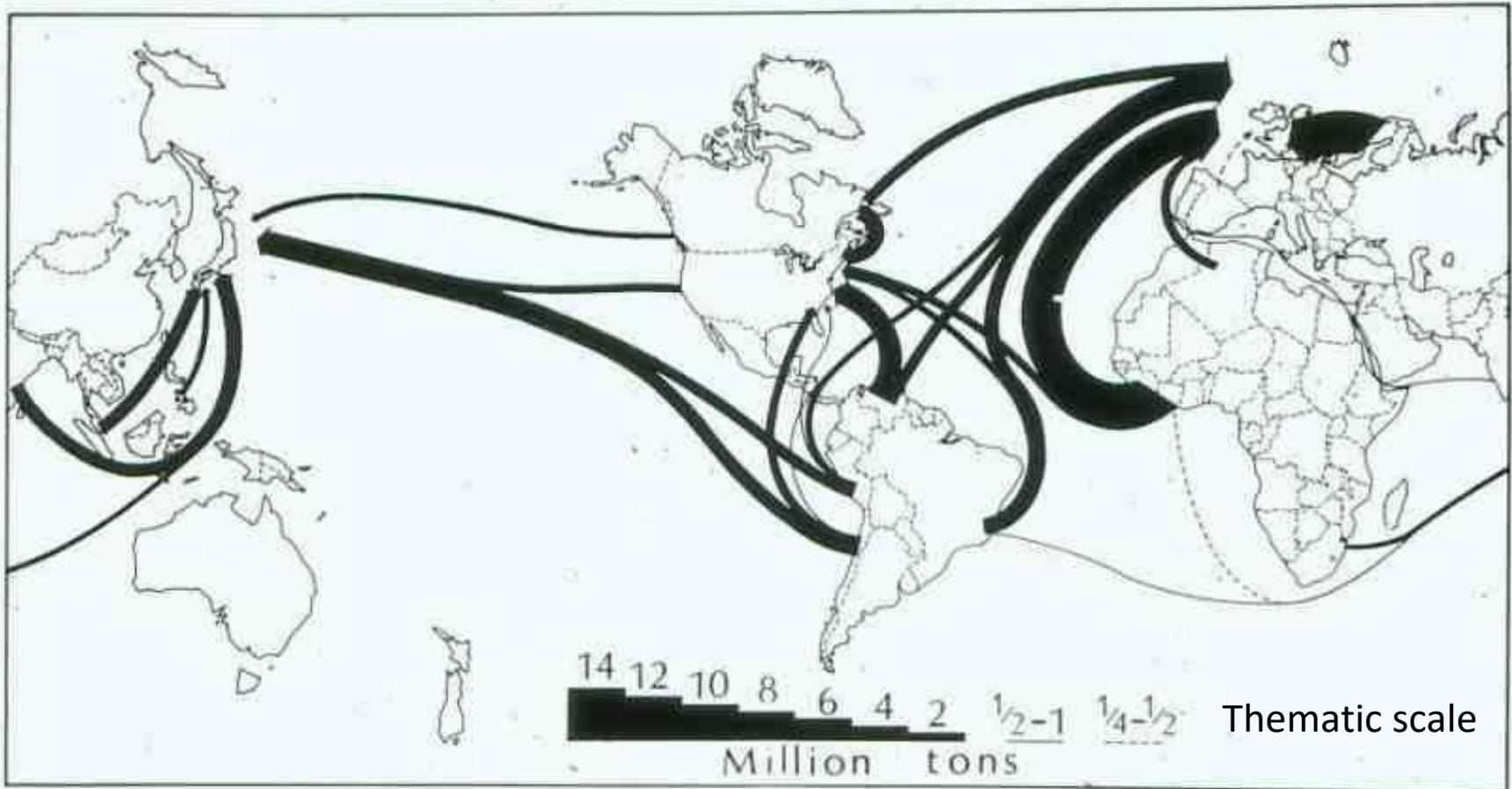
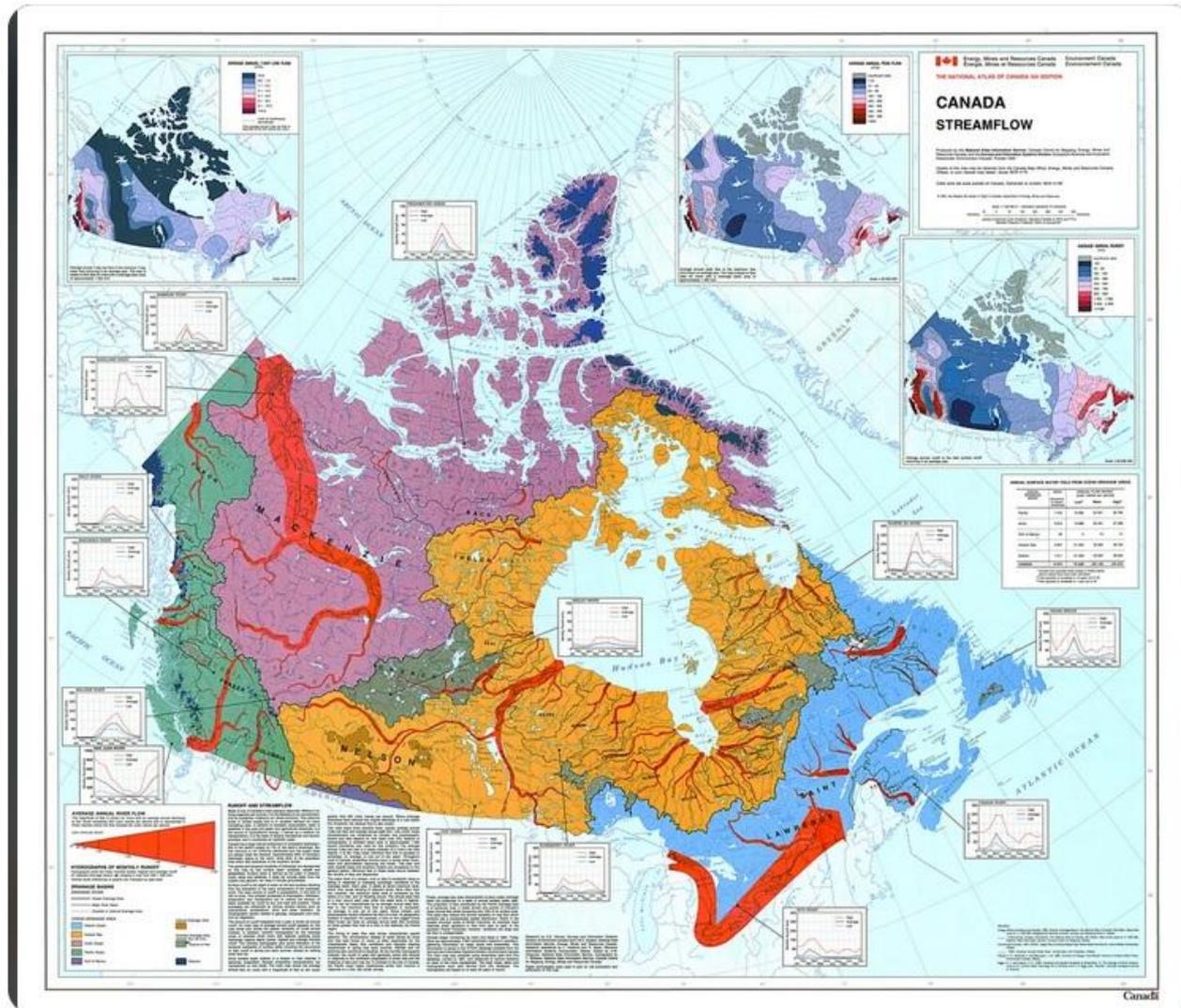
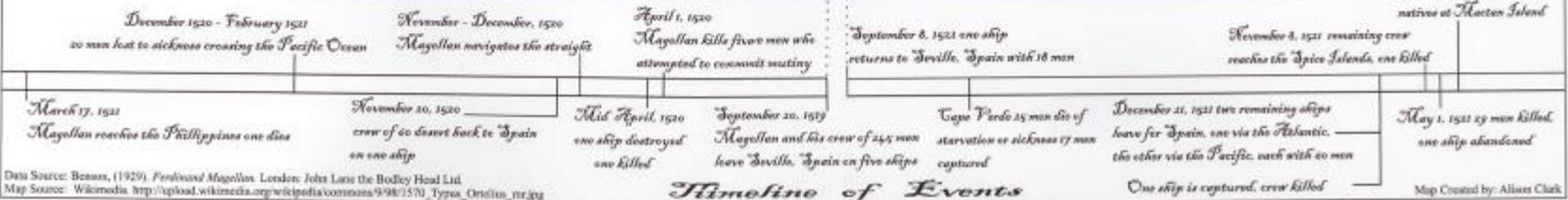
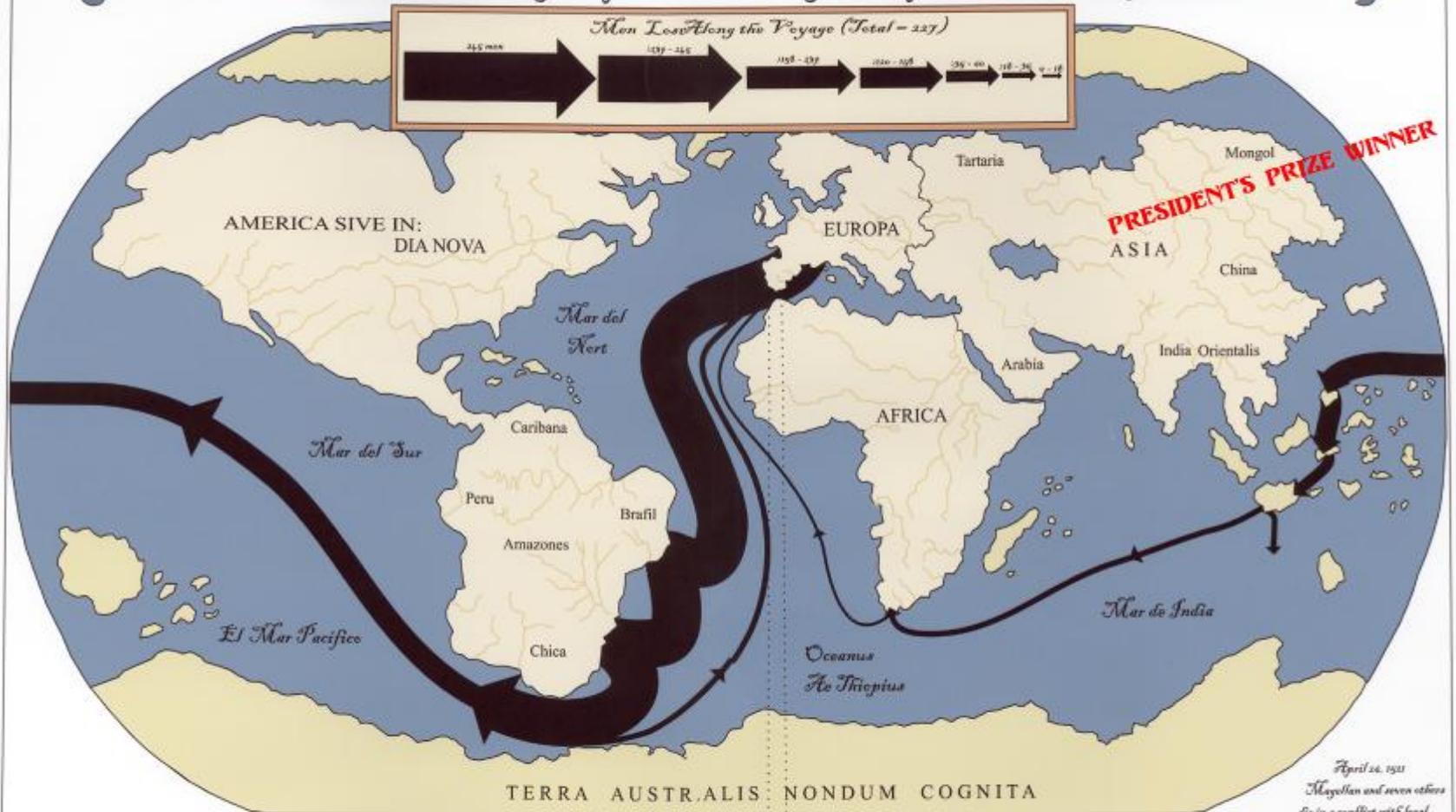


Figure 6.21 A portion of a flow-line map showing the movement of iron ore. Map by G. B. Lewis. (From G. Manners, "Transport Costs, Freight Rates, and the Changing Economic Geography of Iron Ore", *Geography*, 52 (1967), 260-279.)

Canadian watersheds and major river flow volume

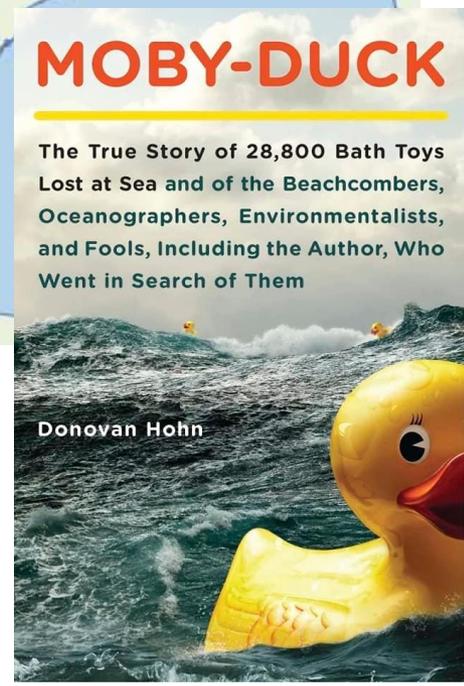
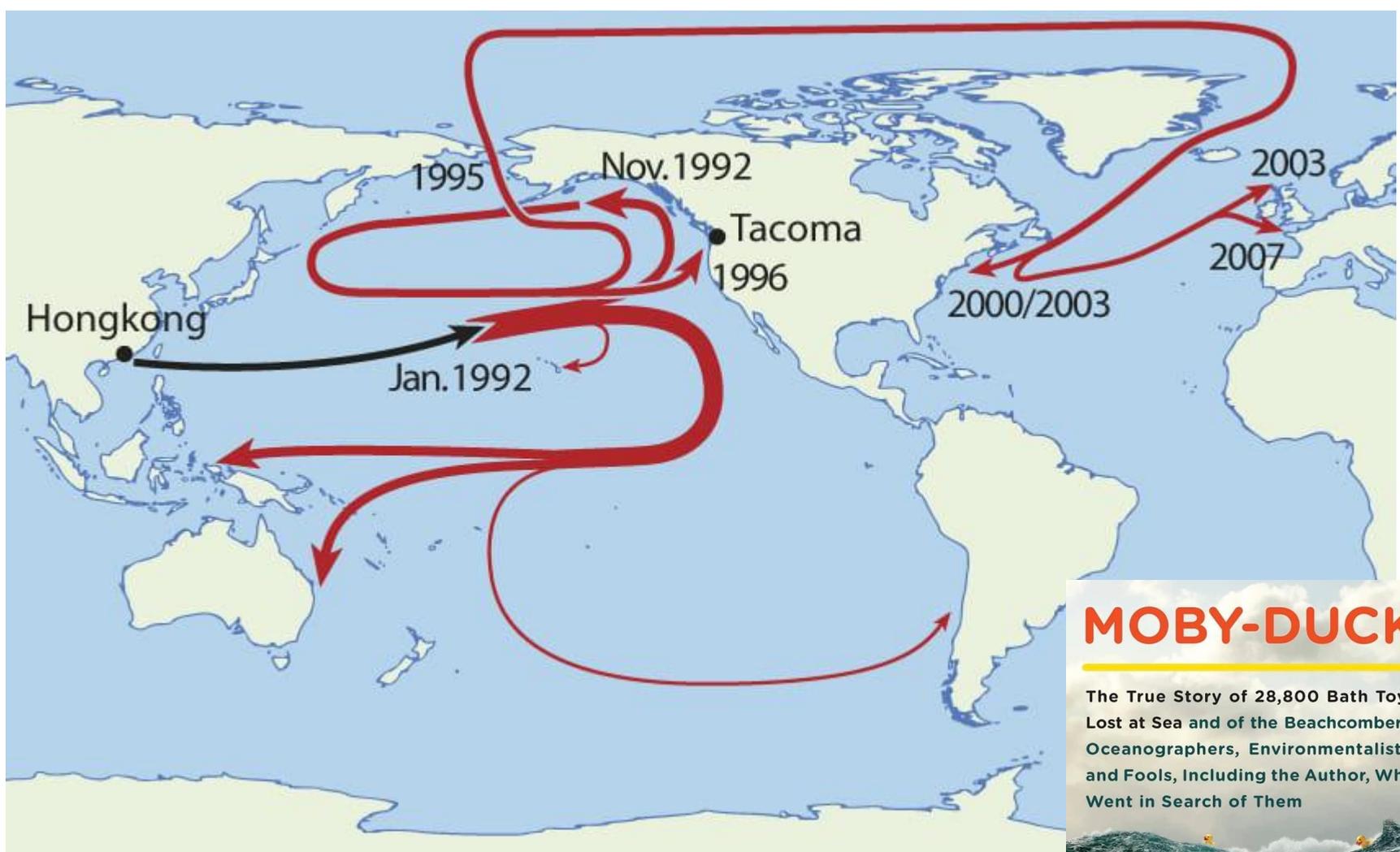


Peril at Sea: The men lost during the first circumnavigation of the world, Magellan 1519 - 1522



Data Source: Beaman, (1929), *Perilous Magellan*. London: John Lane the Bodley Head Ltd.
Map Source: Wikimedia http://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/9/98/1570_Tyssa_Orisium_rtr.jpg

Map Created by: Alison Clark

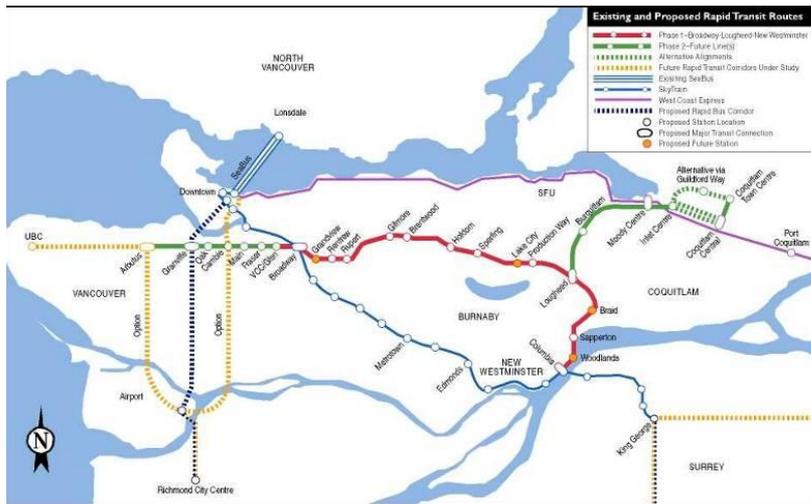


28,800 Rubber ducks were washed overboard from a container ship in the Pacific Ocean on 10 January 1992 and have subsequently been found on beaches around the world and used by oceanographers to trace ocean currents. * No thematic scale except by inference of start line

NB: 'take-home' moodle quiz sfter Thursday lecture - Thematic maps

2. Topological Cartograms

These are based on shape (geometry) and **connectivity** e.g. route networks; distance is relatively unimportant; the classic examples are city underground and train maps,



Greater Greater Washington
<http://greatergreaterwashington.org/>
 Map by David Alpert • alpert@ggwash.org



LONDON



PARIS



NEW YORK



GLASGOW

Being
Scottish



Ski map prototype example:

Ken Field (Esri)

