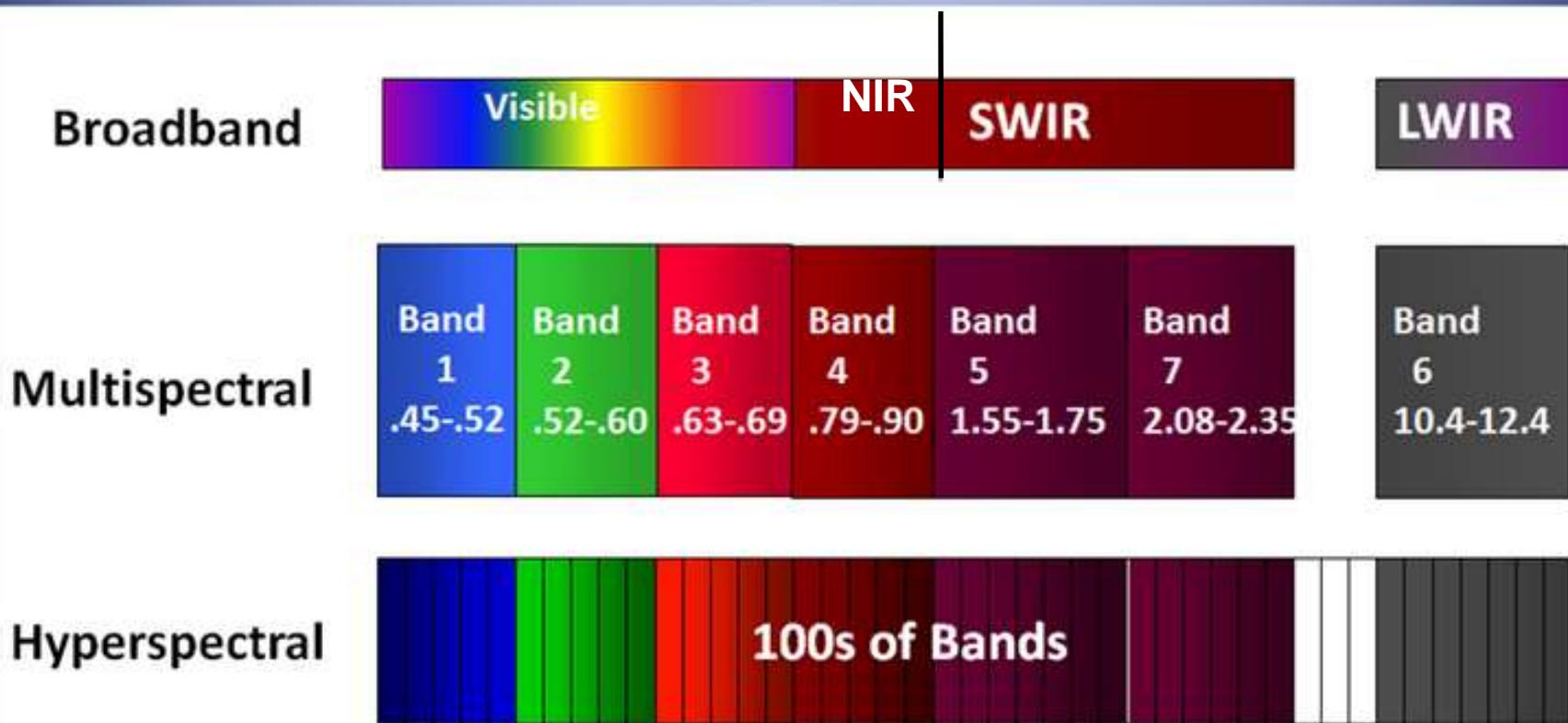


# Hyperspectral remote sensing ('Image spectroscopy')

- **Multispectral** systems contain ~4-15 bands, 70-400 nm wide
- **Superspectral**: 16-60 (e.g. MODIS)
- **Hyperspectral** : 100- 200+ bands 0.38 - 2.5μm, 5-10nm each  
Bands are contiguous and high spectral resolution

Difference Between Multispectral and Hyper-spectral Data



# Some ‘earlier’ airborne hyperspectral systems

- Now available on drones (UAV)

Sensor	Wavelength (nm)	Band width (nm)	# bands
AVIRIS	400-2500	10	224
TRWIS III	367-2328	6	335
HYDICE	400-2400	10	210
CASI (ITRES)	400- 900	1.8	288
OKSI AVS	400-1000	10	61
ESSI Probe-1	400-2450	15	128

<https://www.itres.com>

Calgary, AB



ITRES is the longest-established commercial hyperspectral company in the world.

We offer high-performance airborne hyperspectral, thermal, and ultraviolet imaging mappers, including models for UAV and ground use.

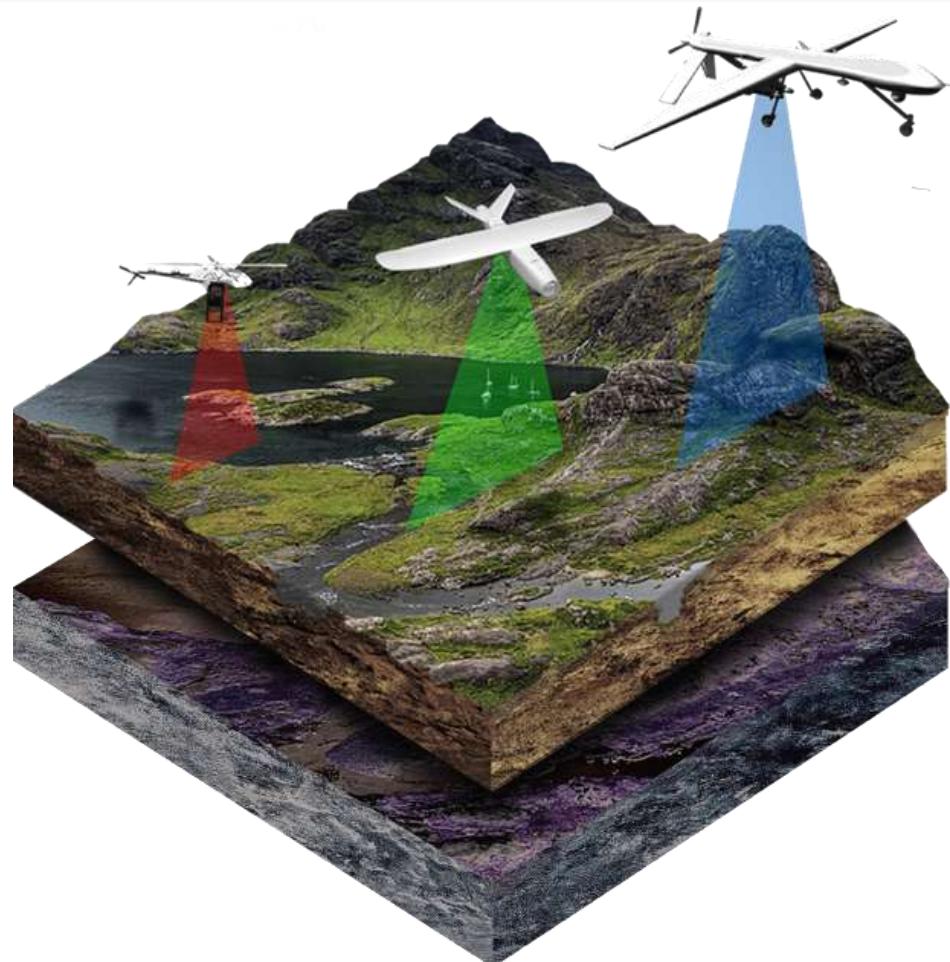
Founded 1979

First sensor 1989

SWIR/TIR 2001

### Sample applications

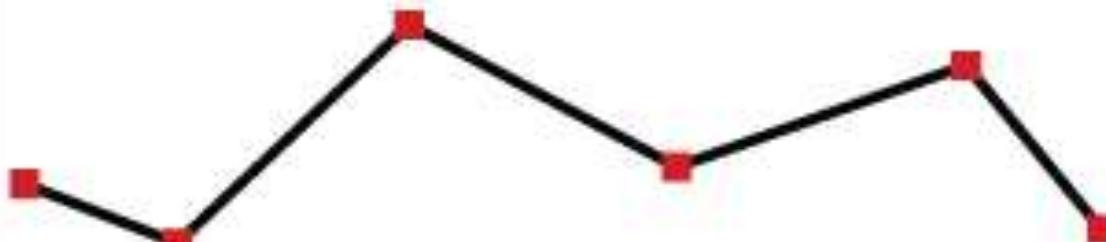
- Coastal
- Forestry
- Agriculture
- Ozone



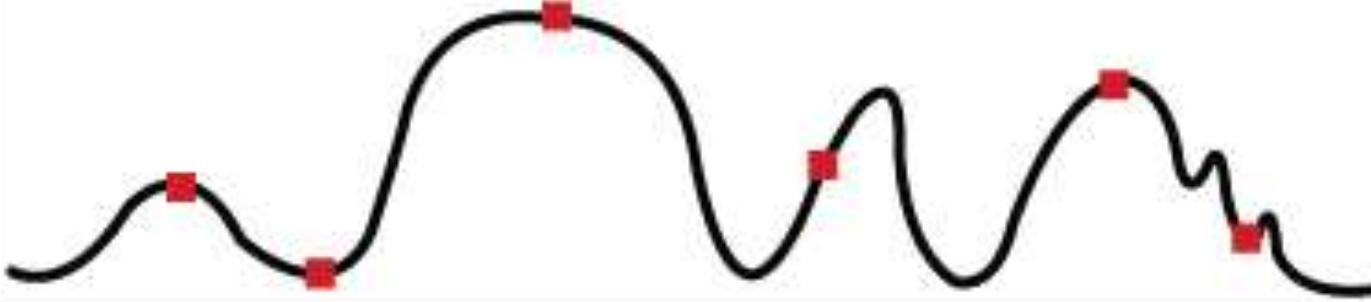
<https://www.itres.com/gallery>

# Spectral signatures: Landsat TM v hyperspectral

Broad Band Spectrum (e.g. Landsat TM)



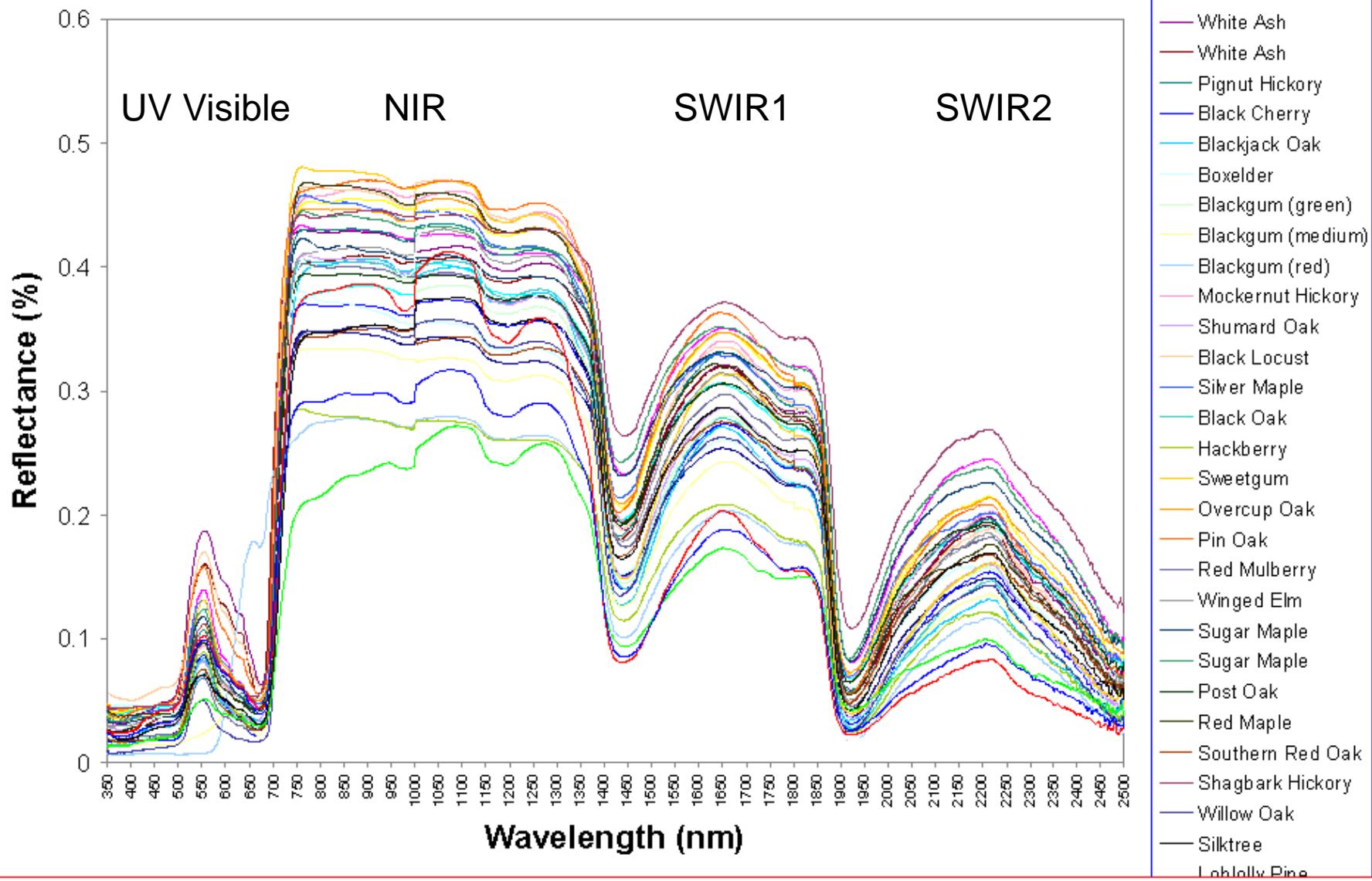
Continuous Spectrum (e.g. imaging spectrometer)



Above: Spectral comparison between hyperspectral and broad-band data.

# LBL Overstory Vegetation Spectra

<http://www.murraystate.edu>



# SOME APPLICATIONS:

- wetland and coastal vegetation
- mineral composition and soils
- agricultural crops
- forest structure

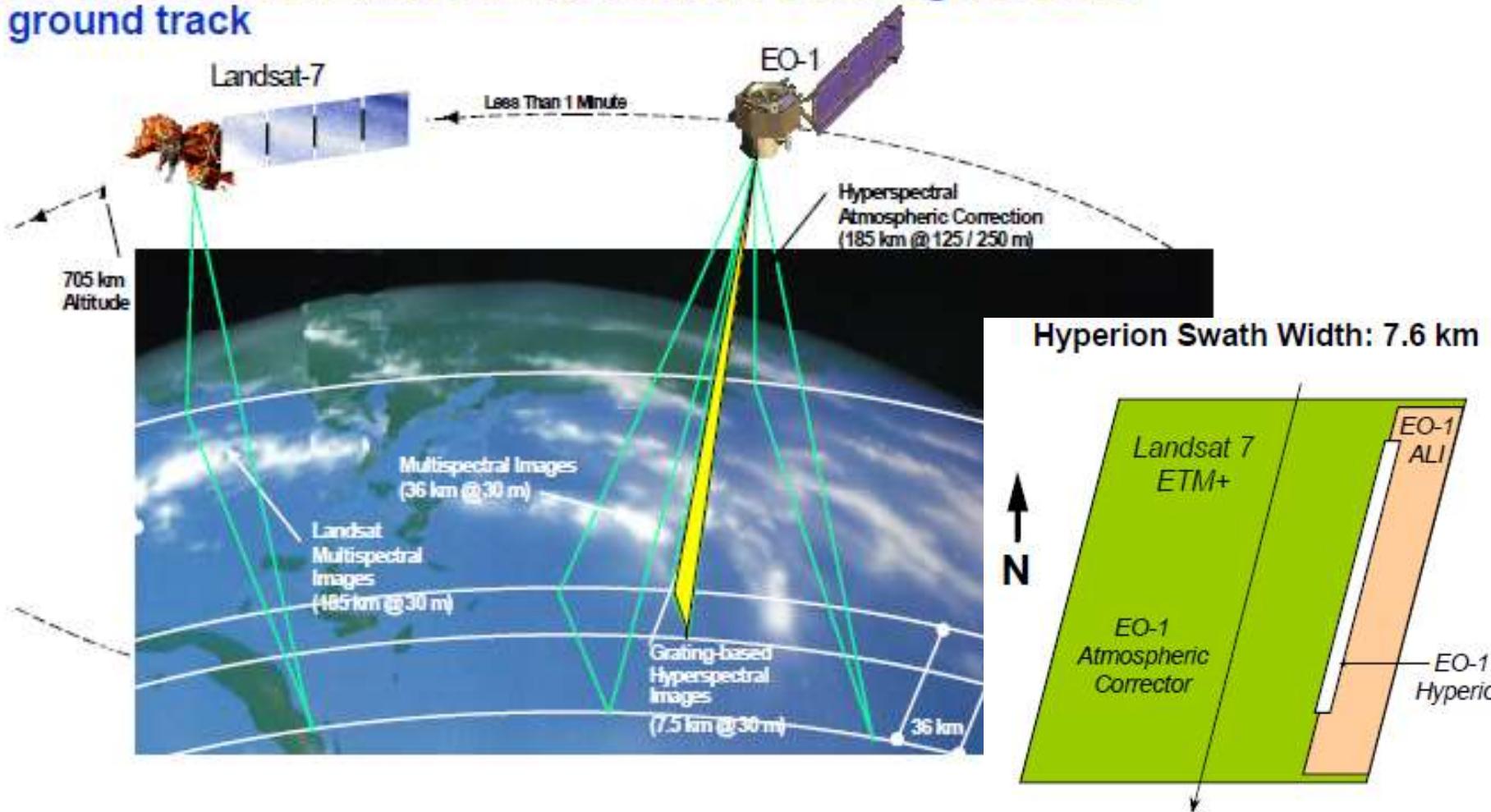
<http://www.itres.com/casi-1500/>



# Satellite borne hyperspectral systems

Hyperion: on Earth Observing 1 (EO-1), Dec 2000; 50km behind Landsat 7  
Data available on EarthExplorer.usgs.gov (also ALI)

**EO-1 orbit is one minute behind Landsat-7 covering the same ground track**



# CHRIS

(Compact High Resolution Imaging Spectrometer)

on PROBA (2001)  
(Project for On-Board Autonomy) - Belgian

CHRIS provides 200 narrow bands in the VNIR range (400 - 1050 nm) at 30 m. Each nominal image forms a square of 13 km x 13 km.

Launch:  
<http://www.esa.int/SPECIALS/Proba/index.html>



Venice

The Niau atoll, in the central South Pacific Ocean, acquired on 6 October 2005 with the Compact High Resolution Imaging Spectrometer (CHRIS).

Initial lifetime of  
2 years, it's now  
ESA's longest  
running EO  
mission

PROBA-2 2009  
includes SWAP  
telescope to  
observe the Sun  
in the UV  
SWAP = Sun Watcher  
using Active Pixel

PROBA-3 2024  
Planned launch:  
Nov 29, Dec 4 ?



**Coming ‘soon’ ..... ?**

## **2025: Spaceborne Hyperspectral Applicative Land and Ocean Mission (SHALOM)**

... is a joint mission by the [Israeli Space Agency](#) and the [Italian Space Agency](#) to develop two commercial [hyperspectral satellites](#)

Shalom is a Hebrew word meaning peace, harmony, and wholeness

# **Lab 10: GEOG357 Project planning outline 2024**

submit by Nov 15 via Moodle for 5%

Lab 10 will outline how to download project image data: Landsat / Sentinel

Fill in your details between these headings as best you can

- a. **Geographic area** e.g. locale / province / country / region ?
  
- b. **Application** e.g. forestry, landcover, glaciers, urban
  
- c. **Image requirements** e.g. expected year(s), change optional-not required
  
- d. **Anticipated processing** e.g. classification, ratios, transforms, indices
  
- e. **Expected outcomes** e.g. extracted features or classes, attribute values