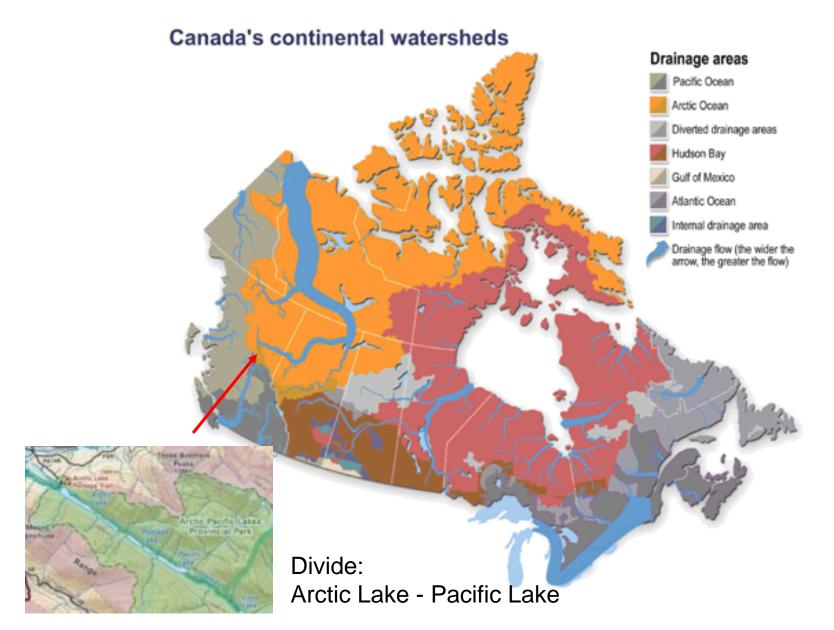
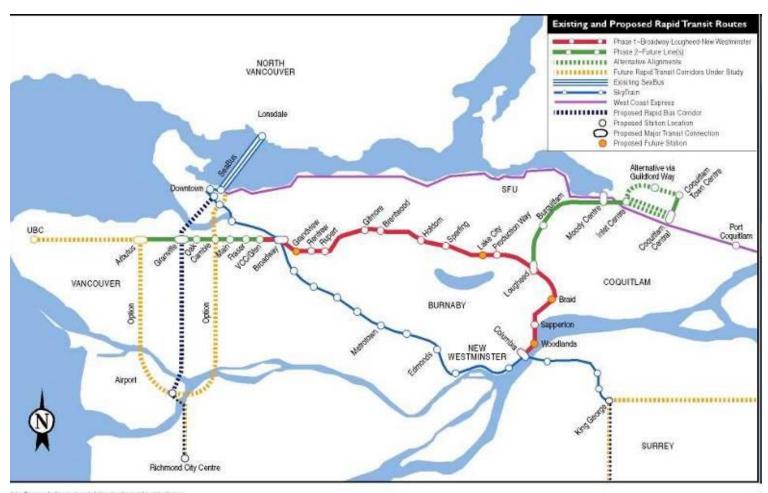
Thematic Line techniques: 1. Graduated line symbols:

(width=volume of water flow) show **movement** (proportional)



2. Topological Cartograms

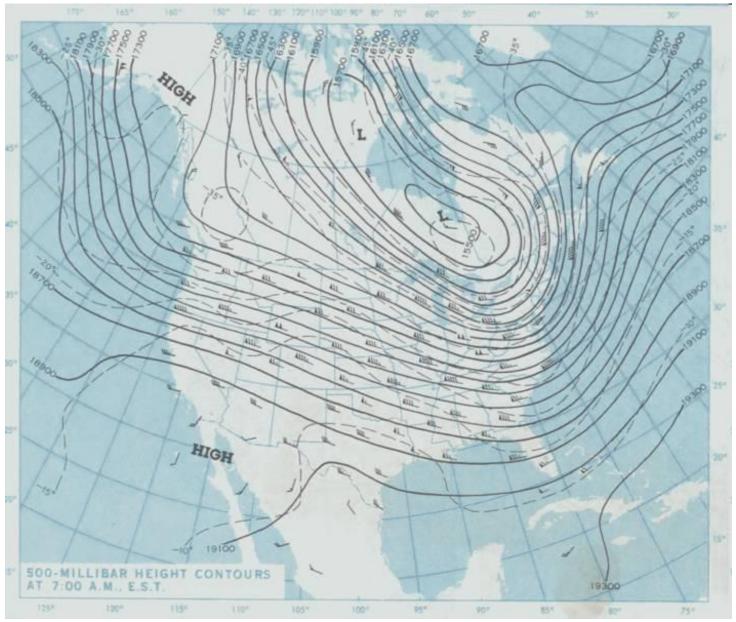
These are based on shape (geometry) and connectivity e.g. route networks; distance is relatively unimportant; the classic examples are city underground and train maps,



lide. Proposed alignment and station locations subject to change.

3. Isarithms (Isolines) - lines of equal value e.g. barometric pressure (isobars)

* Often created from point data

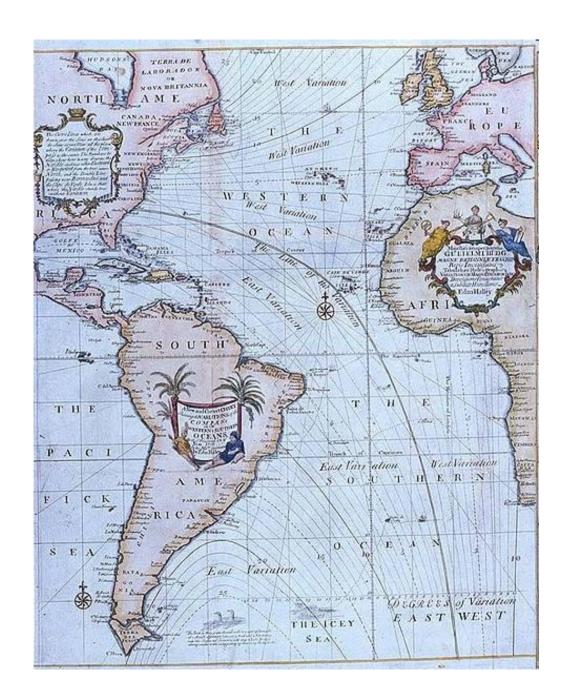


Early thematic map:

Halley, Isogonic map 1701

Isogones:

- Lines of equal magnetic declination
- = difference between true north and magnetic north



Some selected types of isarithms – mostly climatic

Isobath depth below a datum (e.g. mean sea level)

Isogonic line magnetic declination

Isocline magnetic dip (inclination) or angle of slope

Isohypse (contour) elevation above a datum (e.g., mean sea level)

Isodynamic line value of intensity or a component of the intensity

of the magnetic field

Isotherm temperature (usually average)

Isobar atmospheric pressure (usually average)

Isohyet precipitation

Isobront occurrence of thunderstorms

Isanther time of flowering of plants

Isopag duration of ice cover

Isodem population

Isoamplitude amplitude of variation (often of annual tempera-

ture)

Isoseismal line number (or intensity) of earthquake tremors

Isochasm annual frequency of aurorae

Isodynam equal traffic tension

Isonoet average degree of intelligence

Canadian wins world Scrabble title: Isogriv

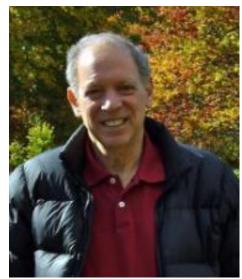
CBC News Posted: Nov 08, 1999 7:50 AM ET Last Updated: Nov 08, 1999

A Montreal (McGill) music professor, Joel Wapnick, has won the World Scrabble Championship

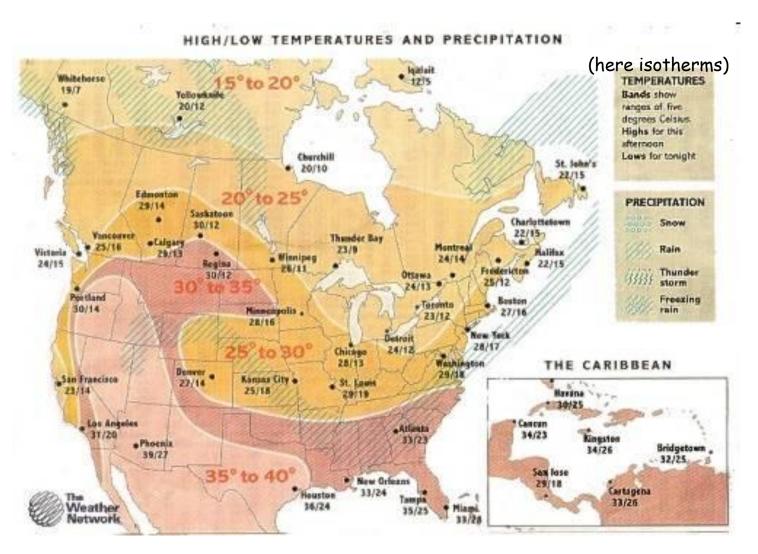
Observers described Wapnick's opening move as "brilliant" because he used all seven tiles to form the word "isogriv"

= a line of equal declination between magnetic and grid north

More than 100 players from 35 countries took part. Wapnick, won \$22,500.



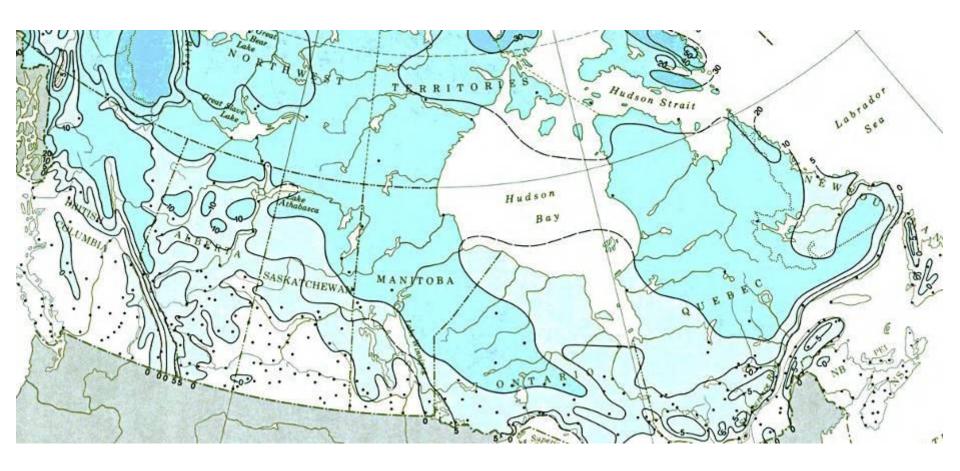
C. Thematic area maps: 1. Isopleths (Isarithms)



colours selected according to the feature being mapped, e.g. blue & red for temperature, yellow for sunshine. Increased chroma are used for higher values

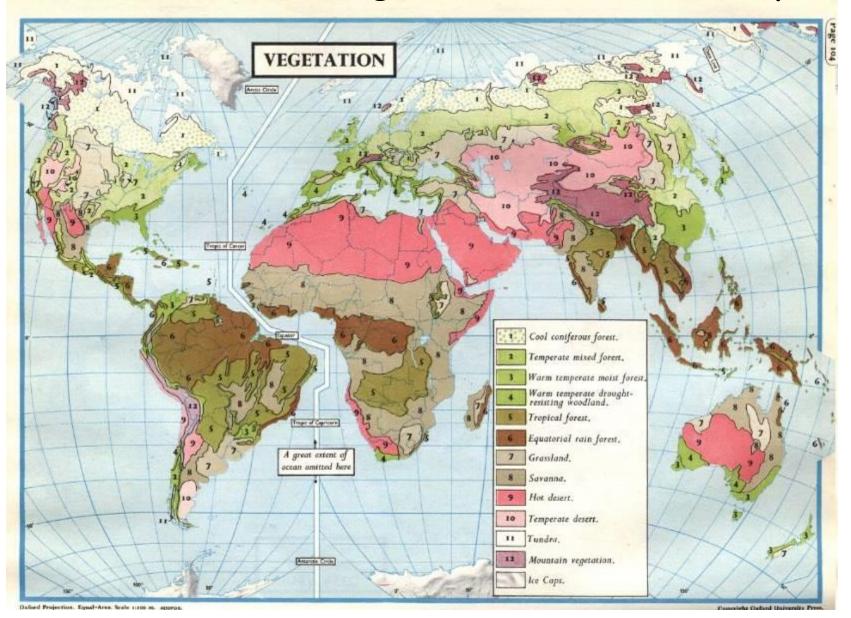
Isopleths

- > Data are gathered by points and interpolated to make lines/areas
- >This adapts a line technique with ranges filled with colour tints

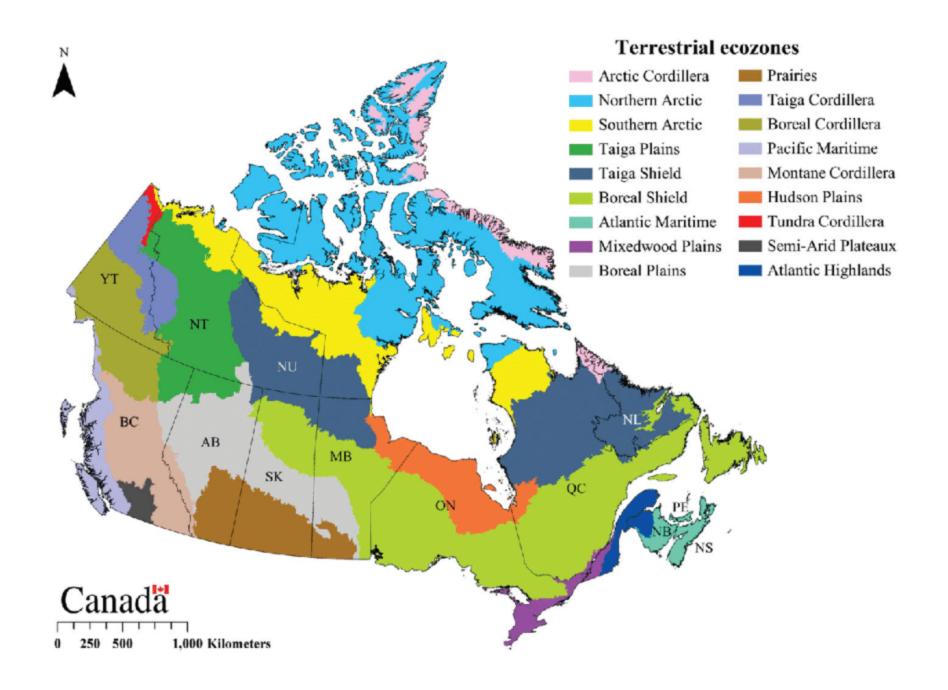


Average snow depth, Nov 15 ... use of blue to suggest snow/cold

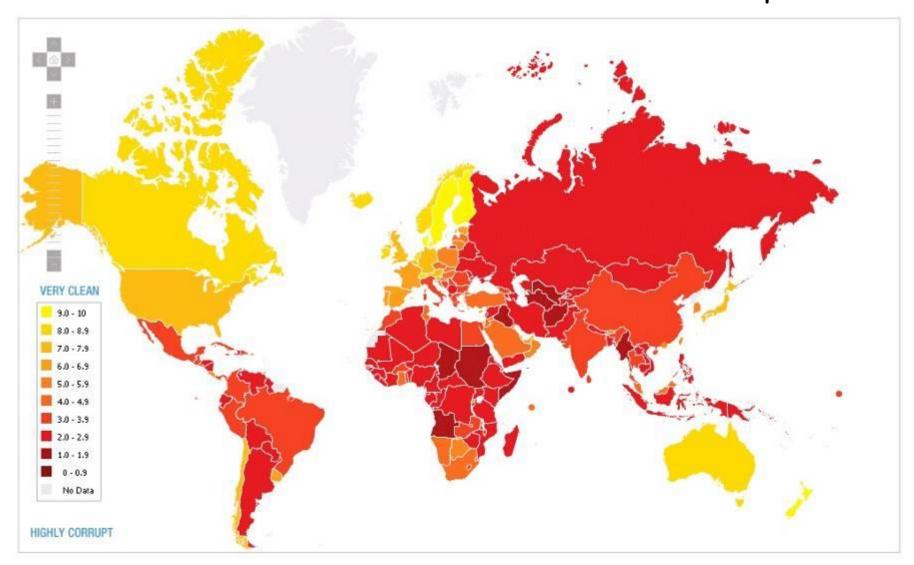
2. Qualitative (categorical) thematic area maps



The boundaries can be subjective and should not be interpreted as 'hard lines'.



3. Thematic mapping - choropleth = 'magnitude at place' One value per 'collection unit' (here each country) Corruption

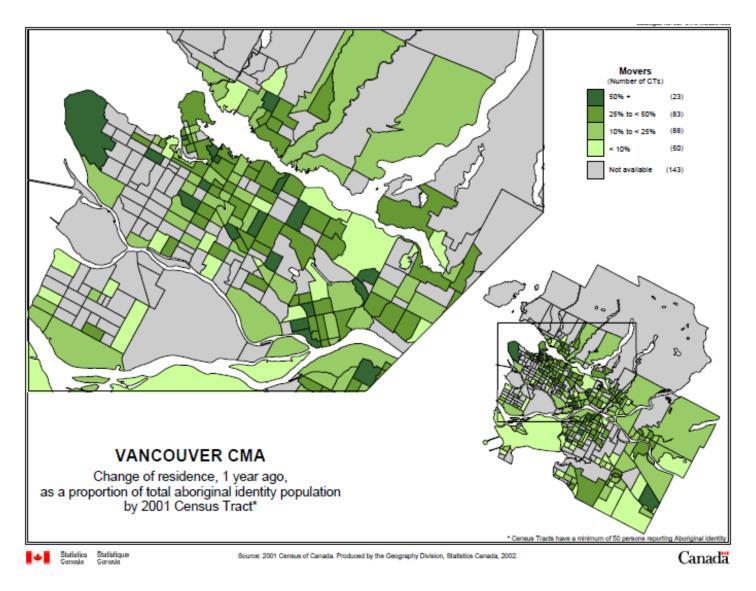


Choropleth maps = 'magnitude at place' Population Density by Census Division (persons / persons per square square kilometre) kilometre, Canada is one of the countries with the Less than 0.1 population densities ... 0.1 - 0.9Read more about this map 1.0 - 3.5close this text box 3.6 - 19.9 20.0 - 49.9 o^{Whitehorse} 50.0 - 150.0 Greater than 150.0 Selected Populated **○** Vellowknife Place Names Capital Cities National: Ottawa Provincial / Territorial Roads Railways **Boundaries** Edmonton. International Provincial / Territorial Victoria ____ / 1/21__11:4

Tones or chroma are used to depict values in classes with logical ranges.

Regina

Winnip eg.



Choropleth maps show data from collection units such as census districts or larger areas. They map intensity, e.g. % more than numbers.

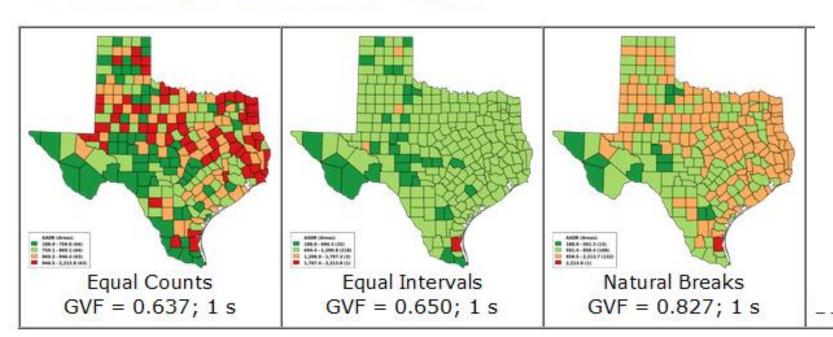
Design of Choropleth Classes

On Isarithmic maps, the intervals are even ('equal-steps');

But for choropleth maps:

the class ranges may be changed to match the data distribution Often 'equal intervals' give too many values in one class (see below)

TX 2005 Age Adjusted Death Rate, 4 Ranges

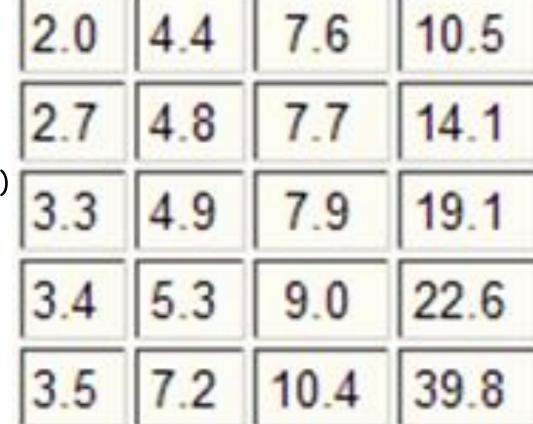


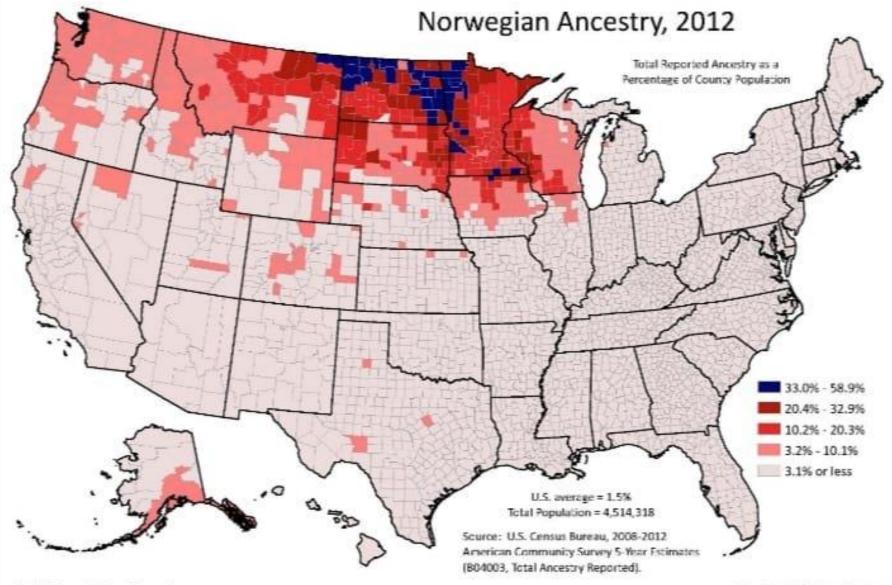
General class design goals:

- > maximize difference between classes and minimize contrast within classes
- >minimize or eliminate empty classes and avoid too many values in one class

Schemes include these options: e.g. 5 classes

- **>Geometric** 2-4-8-16-32(64)
- ➤ Quantiles (equal counts) 2 - 4 - 7.5 - 10.4 - 40
- Natural breaks2 4 6 15 40



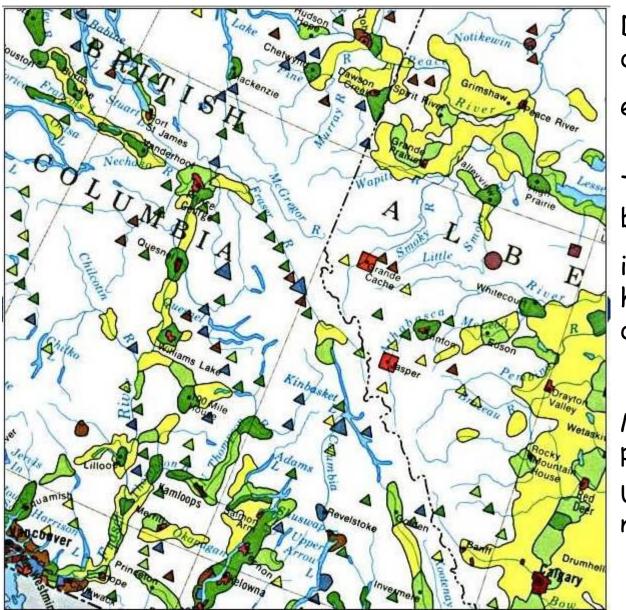






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Actribution Ner-Commercial ShareAlike 4.0 International License.

4. Dasymetric = 'measure of density'



Dasymetric maps depict intensities e.g.%, ratios, densities.

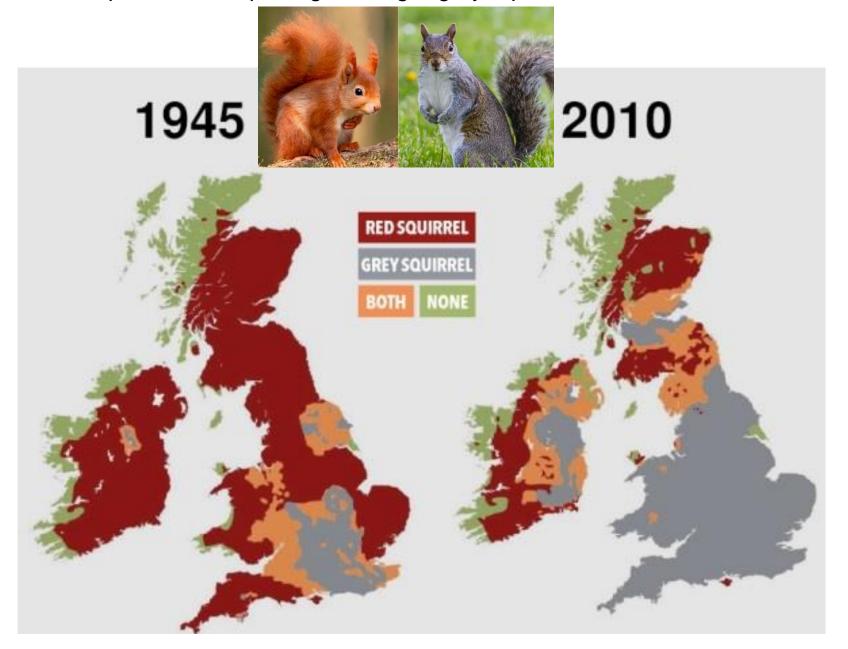
They involve analysis beyond admin.districts;

i.e. they do not assume homogeneity within districts.

Most commonly applied to population density maps;

Unlike isopleths, lines do not have exact values

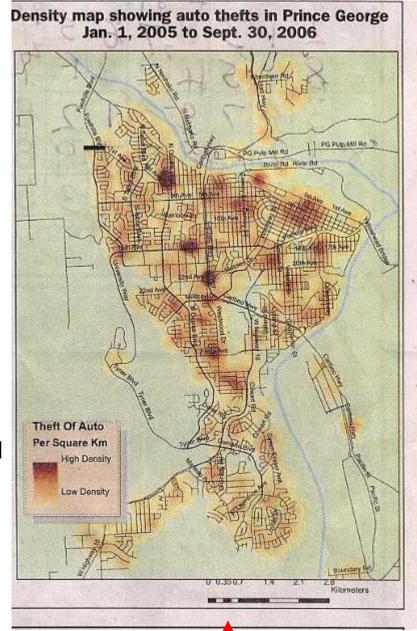
Consequences of importing the larger grey squirrel from North America

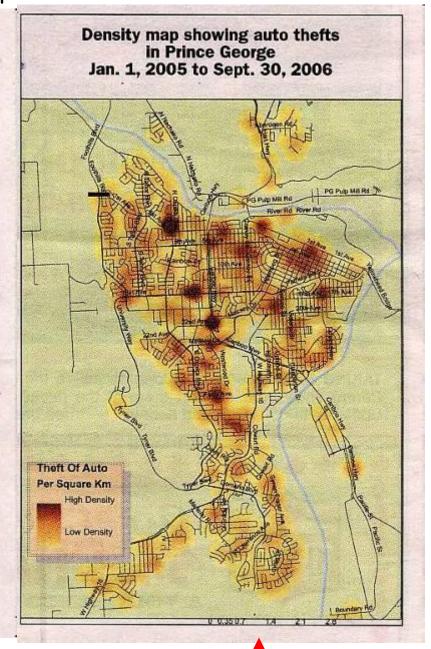


Prince George Citizen

'Heat map'

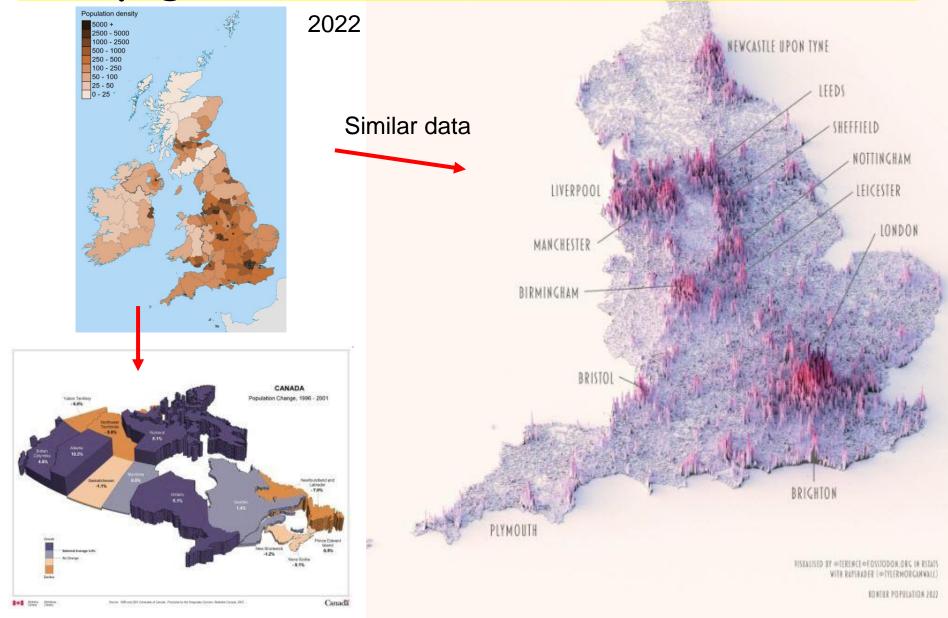
PG week review



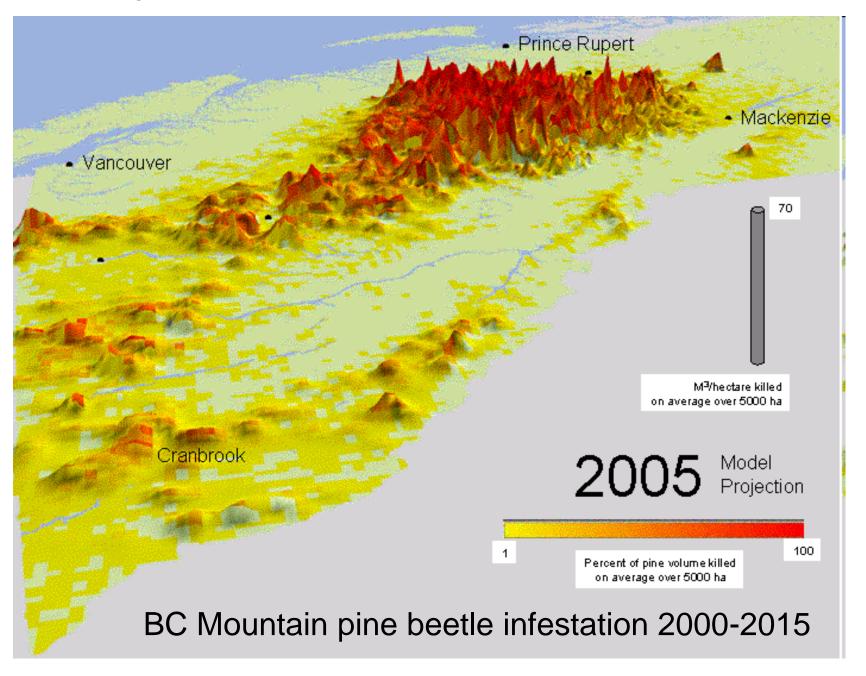


Ordinal data

5. Topograms can avoid the need to create classes, using height



Topogram technique applied to isarithmic data (bivariate – 2 variables)



6. Value-by-area cartograms

a cartogram has no 'cartesian' scale - but here, area is based on another geographic variable

World population

More examples: http://www.worldmapper.org/

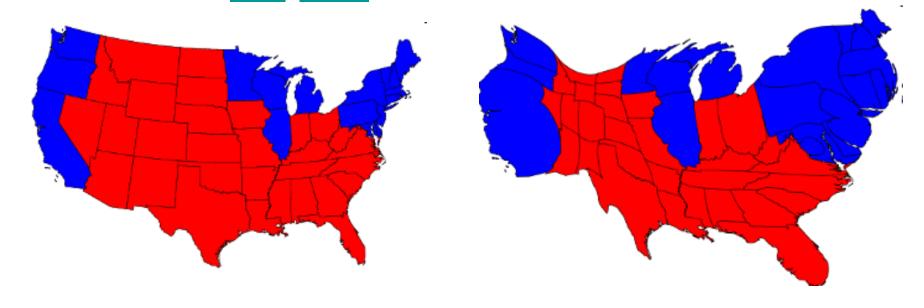


Design principles:

- > Area scale accurately represents a selected variable
- > Regional Contiguity is maintained
- > Shapes should remain recognisable (if possible)

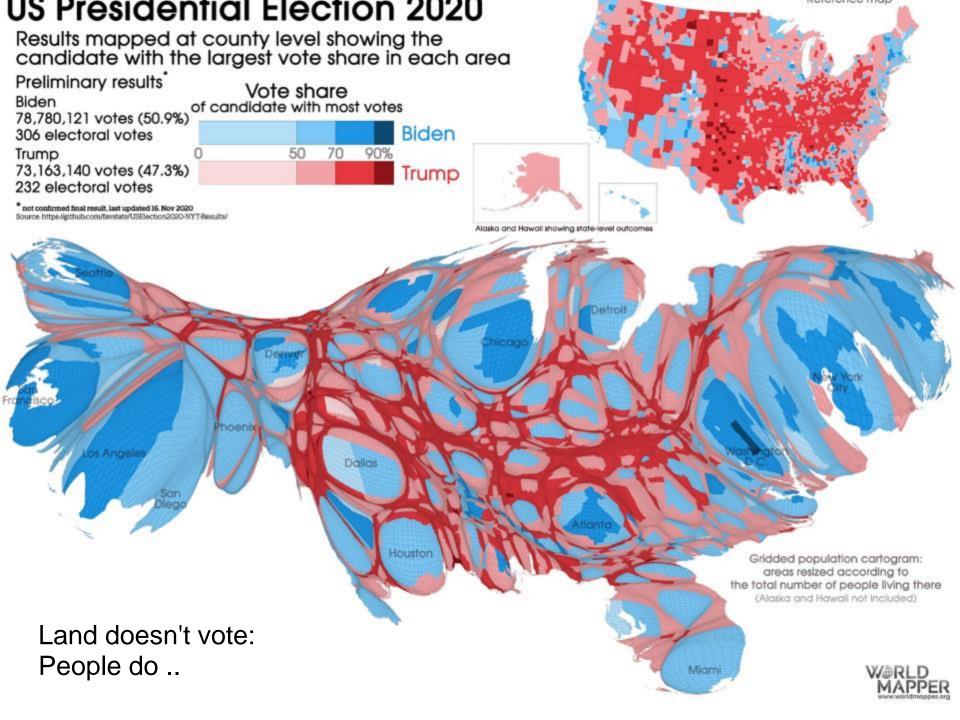
Value by area cartograms: USA election results

US election results: 2012 2008



Cartogram software: http://scapetoad.choros.place

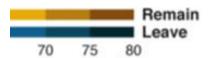
https://www.arcgis.com/home/item.html?id=d348614c97264ae19b0311019a5f2276



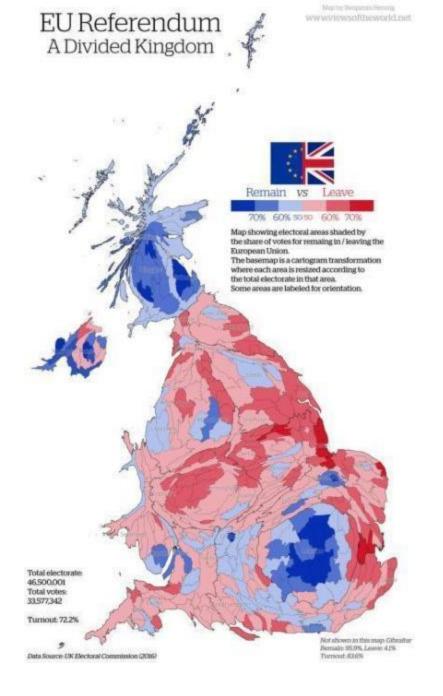
2016

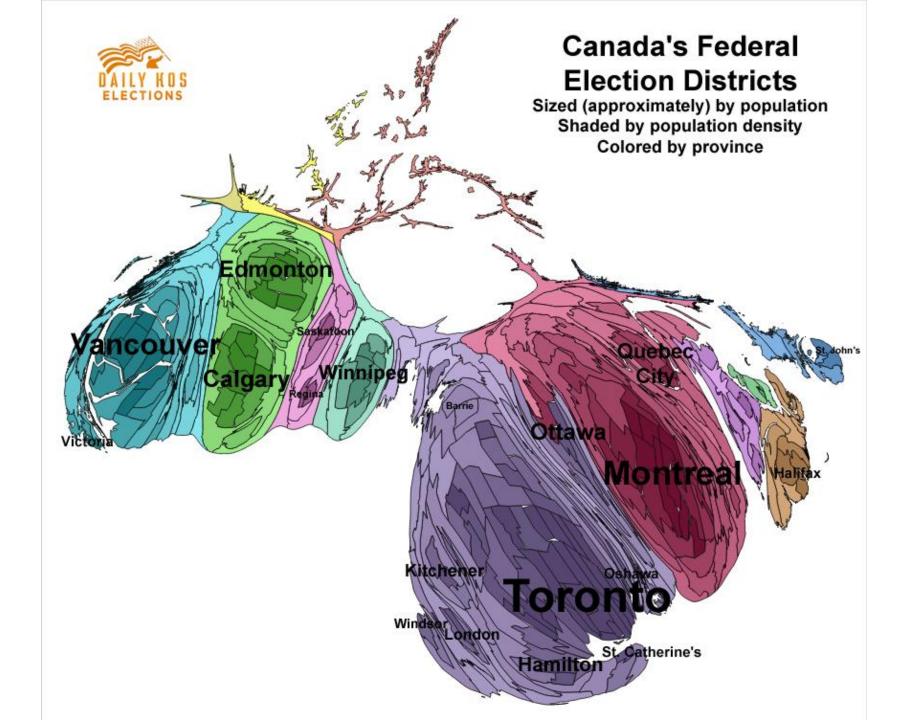
Question asked: "Should the UK remain a member of the European Union or leave the European Union?"

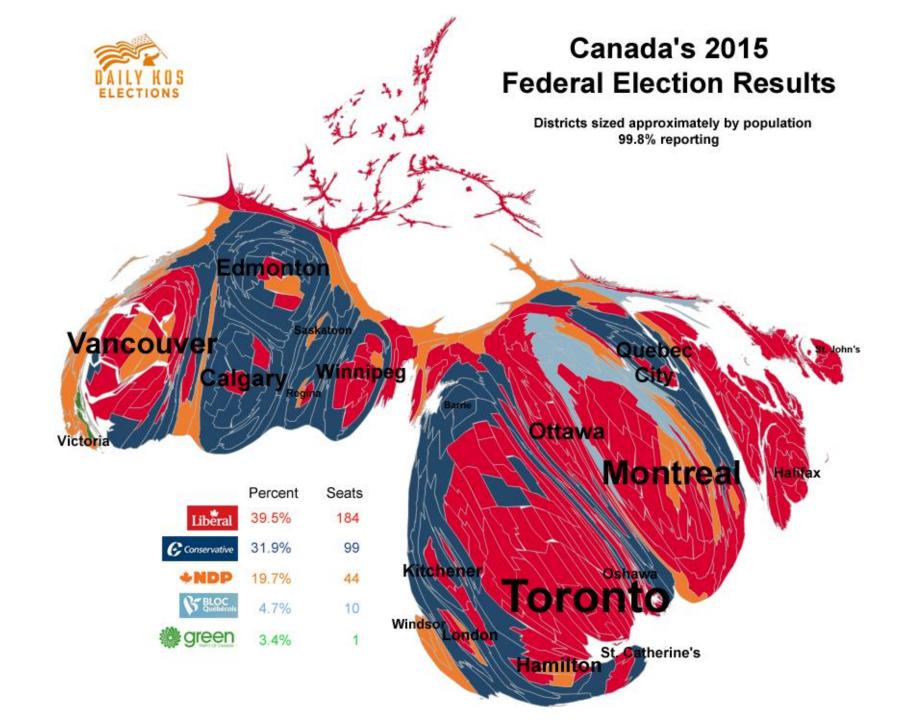
a and vote share











Thematic techniques and data types

Raw values / totals

- **≻**Dot maps
- ➤ Graduated symbols
- ➤ Graduated lines
- Cartograms (value by area)

Derived densities / % values

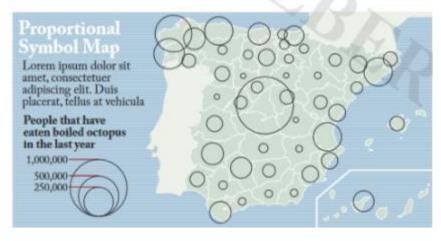
- **≻**Choropleth
- **≻**Topograms
- ➤ Isarithms / Isopleths (mostly)

Figure: Alberto Cairo, TKnightcenter ->

https://geographyfieldwork.com/DataPresentationMappingTechniques.htm







7. Cartograms - Mental maps



(based on perceived space)

A tool of psychological research:

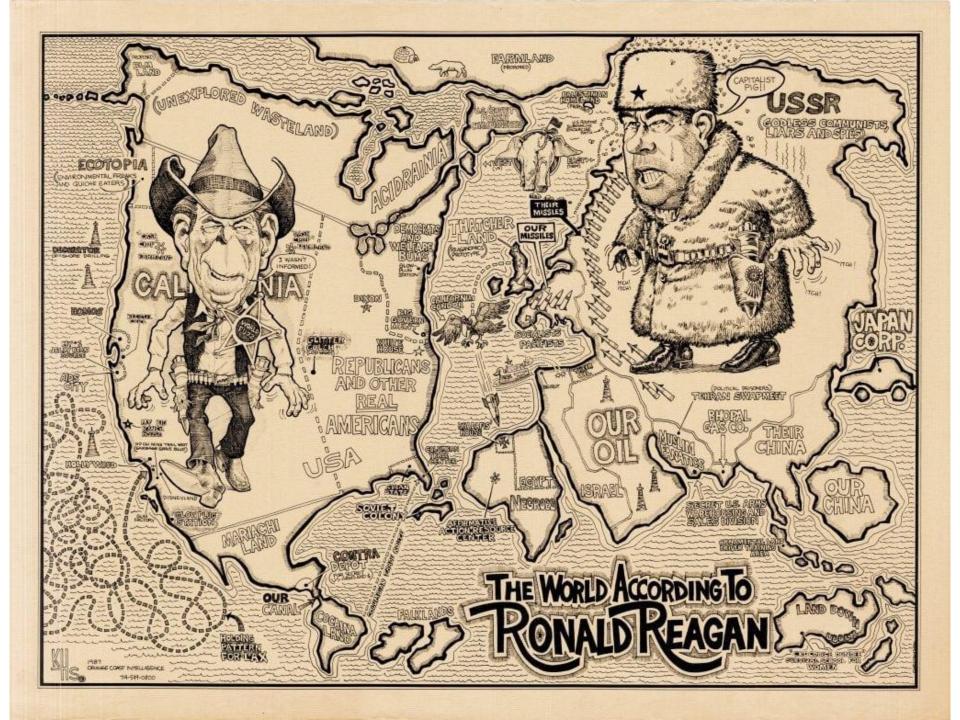
People behave according to how they see their 'map'

They tend to:

exaggerate the size and importance of their home area recall unusual features,

- e.g. the Florida peninsula, 'boot' of Italy, shape of Hudson Bay, etc..

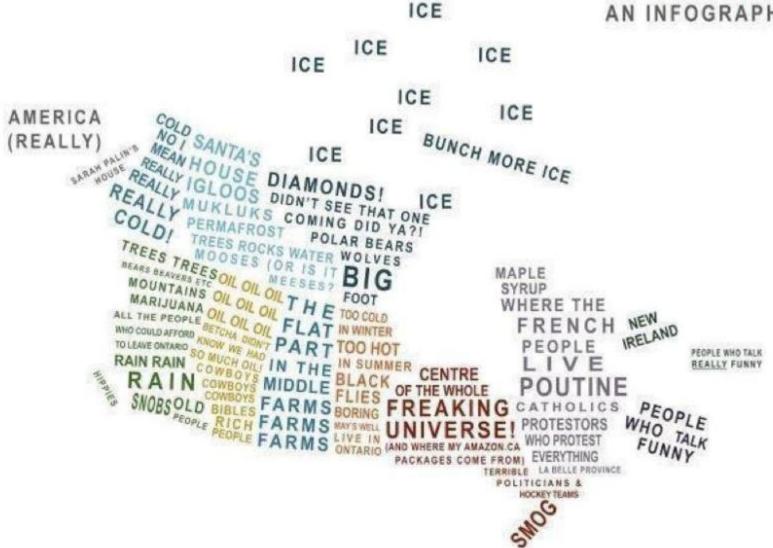




'Wordclouds'

https://www.wordclouds.com/





Quiz 2 on Thematic Mapping

- hope to post later today

10 questions worth 5% total (mult.choice) Submit via Moodle one week later