

# **ASTER:** Advanced Spaceborne Thermal Emission and Reflection Radiometer

## **USA/Japan 1999**

Nuuk,  
Greenland



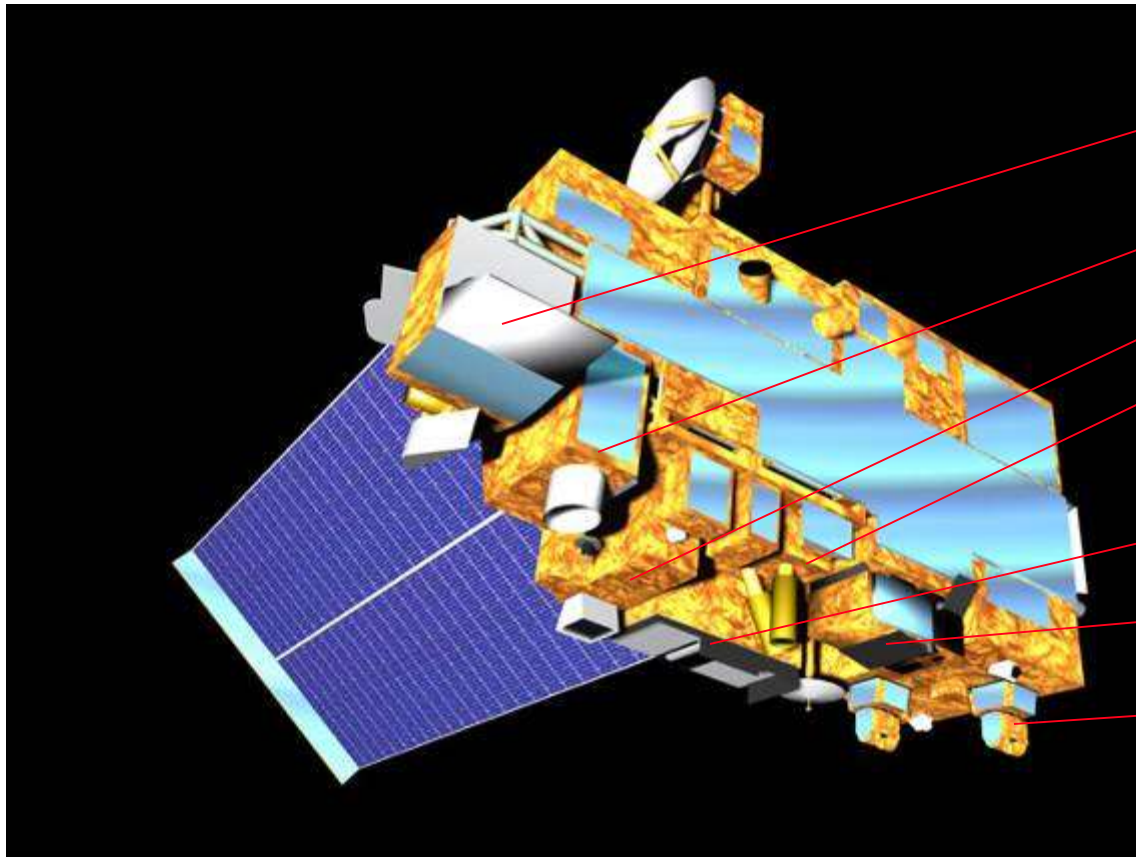
<https://asterweb.jpl.nasa.gov/gallery.asp>



# Terra Satellite

Terra is the flagship of NASA's Earth Science Enterprise.

***ASTER is the 'zoom lens' of Terra..***



MODIS

***ASTER*** (TIR)

***ASTER*** (SWIR)

***ASTER*** (VNIR)

MISR

MOPITT

CERES

# TERRA: THE EARTH OBSERVING SYSTEM (EOS) AM-1

[http://www.gsfc.nasa.gov/gsfc/service/gallery/fact\\_sheets/earthsci/terra/terra\\_eos\\_am.htm](http://www.gsfc.nasa.gov/gsfc/service/gallery/fact_sheets/earthsci/terra/terra_eos_am.htm)

**ASTER**    Advanced Spaceborne Thermal Emission and Reflection Radiometer    JAPAN

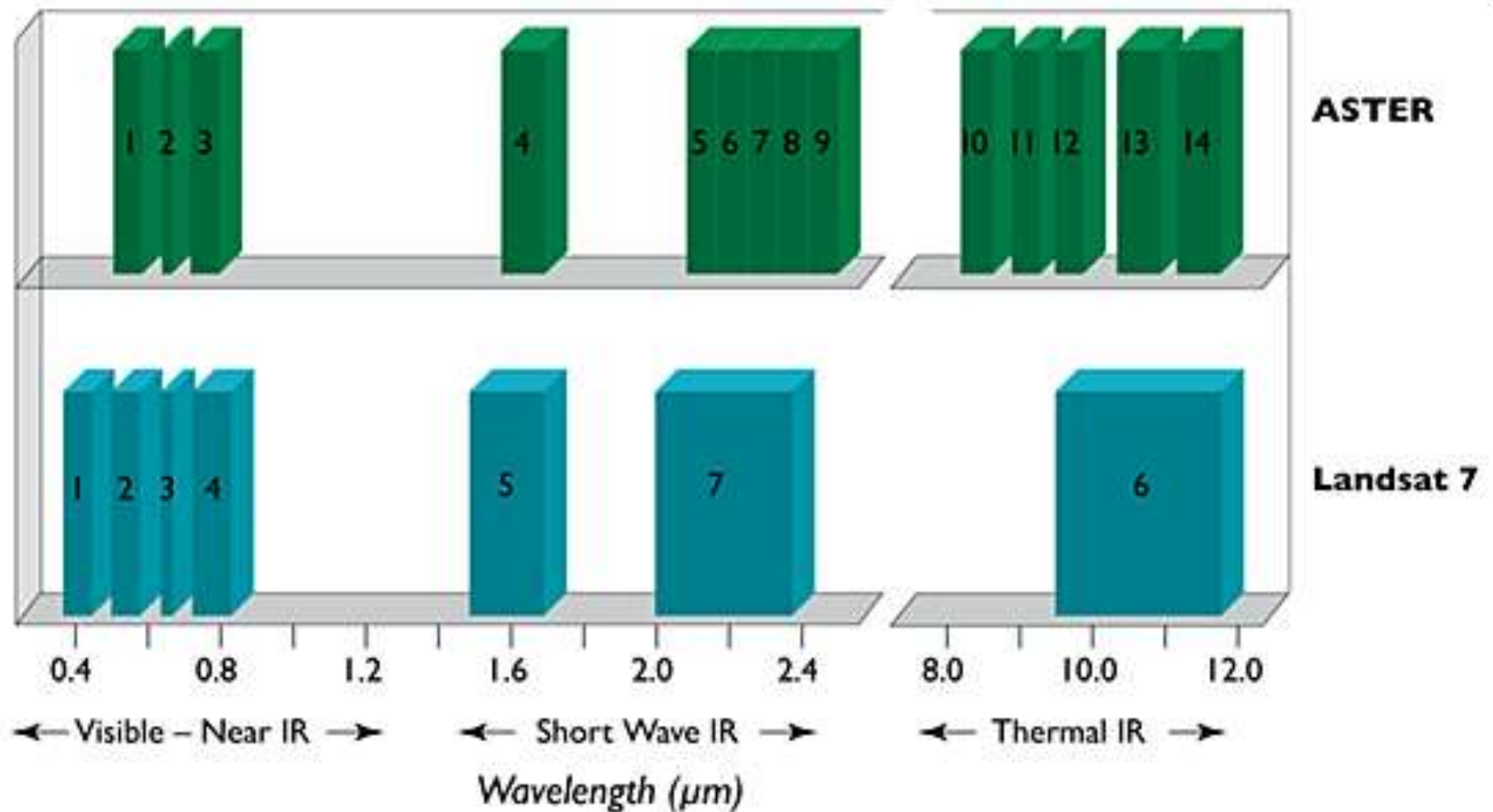
**MODIS**    Moderate-resolution Imaging Spectroradiometer

**CERES**    Clouds and the Earth's Radiant Energy System (thermal)

**MISR**    Multi-angle Imaging Spectro-Radiometer  
VNIR at 26, 46 60, 70 degrees

**MOPITT**    Measurement of Pollution in the Troposphere (CO, CH<sub>4</sub>)  
<http://www.atmosp.physics.utoronto.ca/MOPITT/home.html>    CANADA

## ASTER Bands (versus Landsat TM)





**Visible-NIR**

**Visible-NIR**



# Short Wave IR

# Thermal IR



# ASTER Volcano Archive

<http://ava.jpl.nasa.gov/ava.asp>

<http://www.volcano.si.edu/gvp/volcano/index.htm>





# Chapman Glacier, Canada

<http://asterweb.jpl.nasa.gov/gallery-detail.asp?name=Chapman>





# Monitoring changes in glaciers and glacier lakes

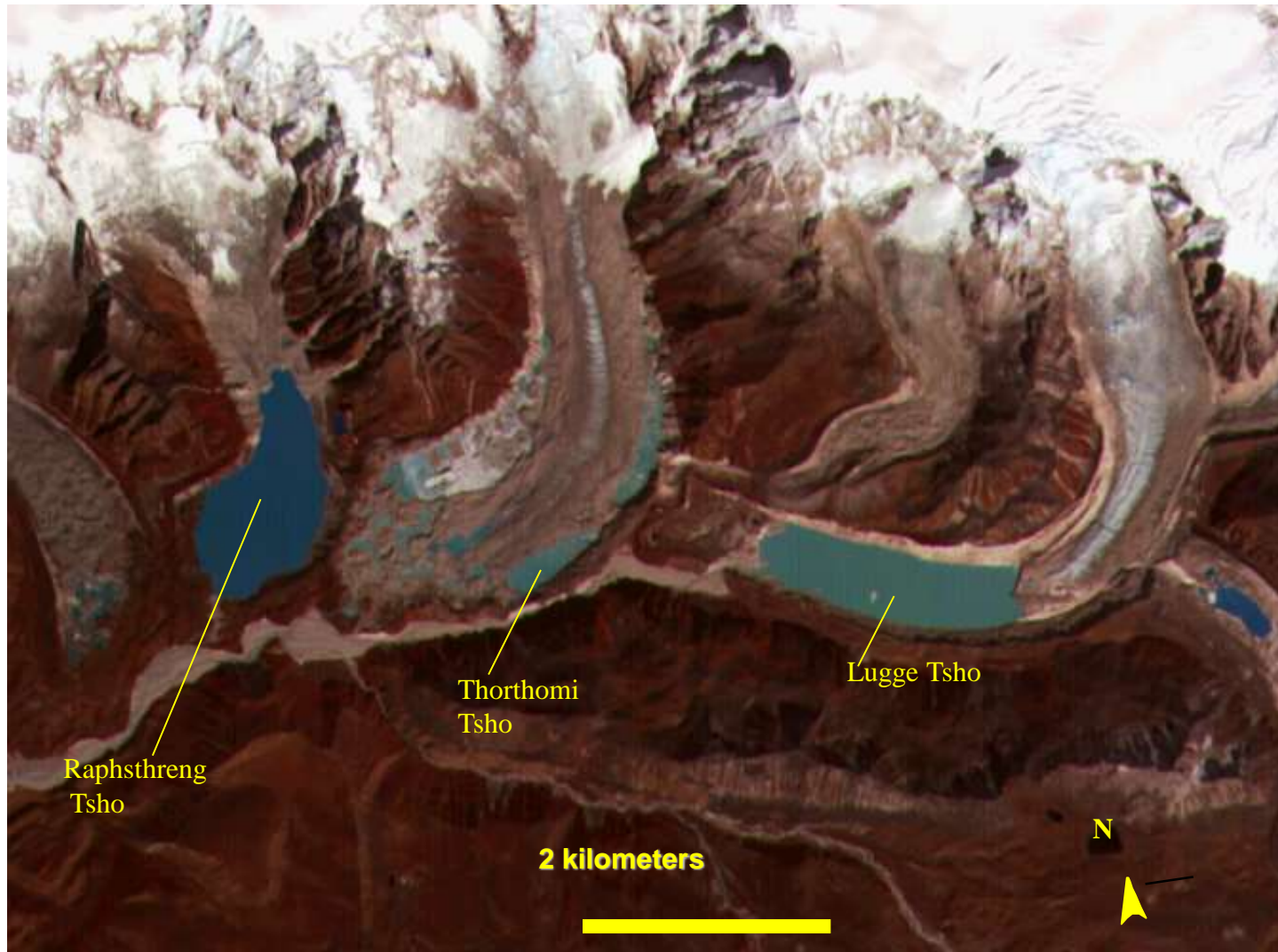
Tibet Himalaya

Bhutan Himalaya

Image is a portion of an uncalibrated ASTER Level 1A VNIR false-color image (321RGB), acquired on November 20, 2001



# Monitoring Supraglacial and Proglacial Lakes

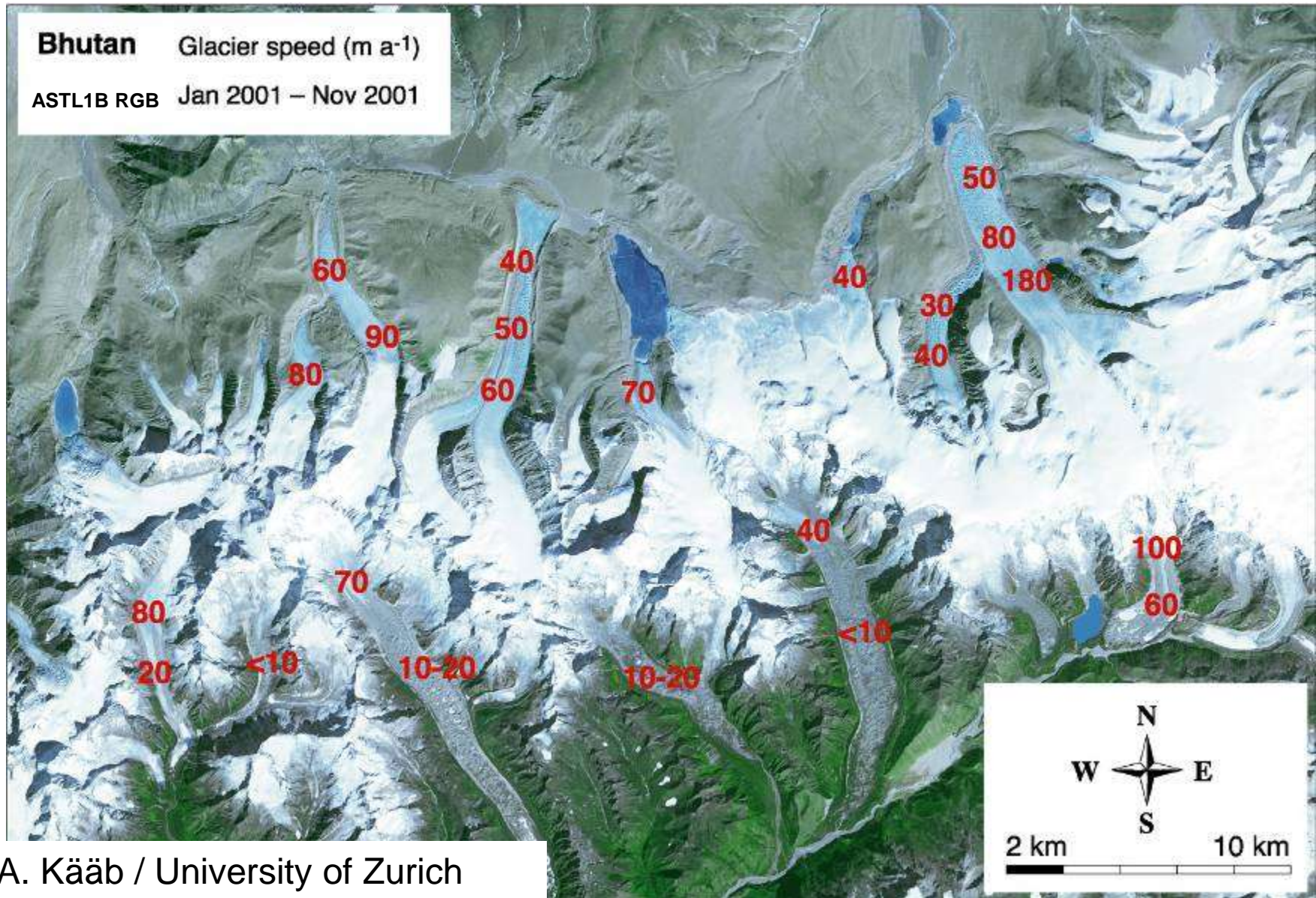


**The stagnating termini of glaciers in the Bhutan Himalaya. Glacial lakes have been rapidly forming on the surfaces of debris-covered glaciers worldwide during the last few decades.**

Image is a portion of an uncalibrated ASTER Level 1A VNIR false-color image (321RGB), acquired on November 20, 2001



# Himalaya, north-south asymmetry in flow speed found by autocorrelating two ASTER images



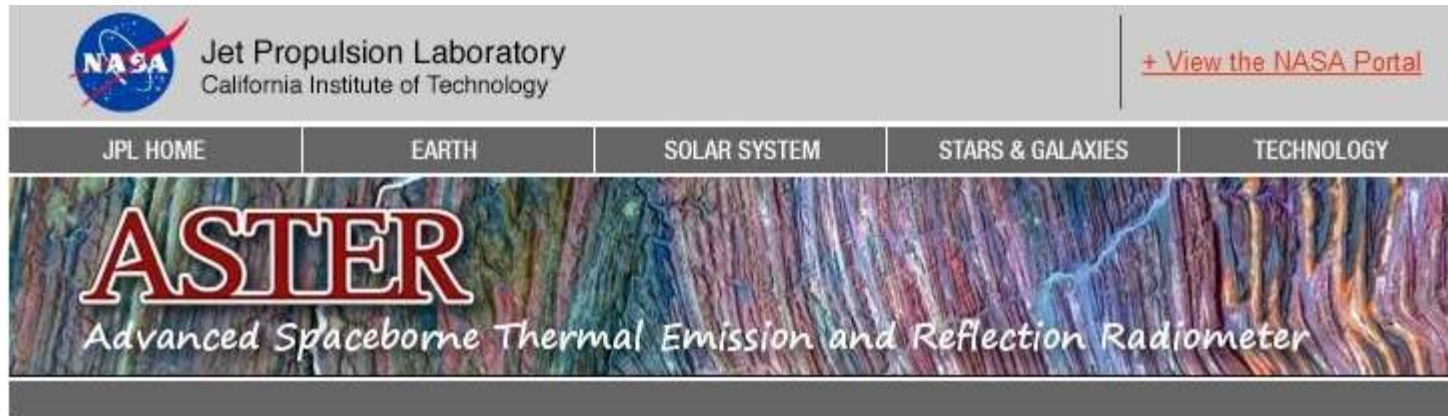
A. Kääb / University of Zurich





In April 2000, the Terra spacecraft was turned upside down and pointed at the Moon. This ASTER image was acquired at that time, showing band 3 visible in black and white.

# Nooooo!! – ASTER SWIR bands fail 2008; end of mission 2023



## **ASTER User Advisory**

Change in Status Alert - January 12, 2009

ASTER SWIR detectors are no longer functioning due to anomalously high SWIR detector temperatures. ASTER SWIR data acquired since April 2008 are not useable, and show saturation of values and severe striping. All attempts to bring the SWIR bands back to life have failed, and no further action is envisioned. VNIR and TIR data continue to show excellent quality, meeting all mission requirements and specifications.

**January 29, 2021**

### **Upcoming Terra Constellation Exit**

Terra has completed all mission maneuvers related to maintaining a 10:30 mean local time (MLT) equator crossing and 705 km orbit altitude. Terra will begin drifting to an earlier MLT around April 2021. In October 2022, Terra will have a 10:15 AM MLT crossing, and continue to drift to earlier MLT. At this time, we will also lower our orbit altitude to 694 km. <https://asterweb.jpl.nasa.gov>



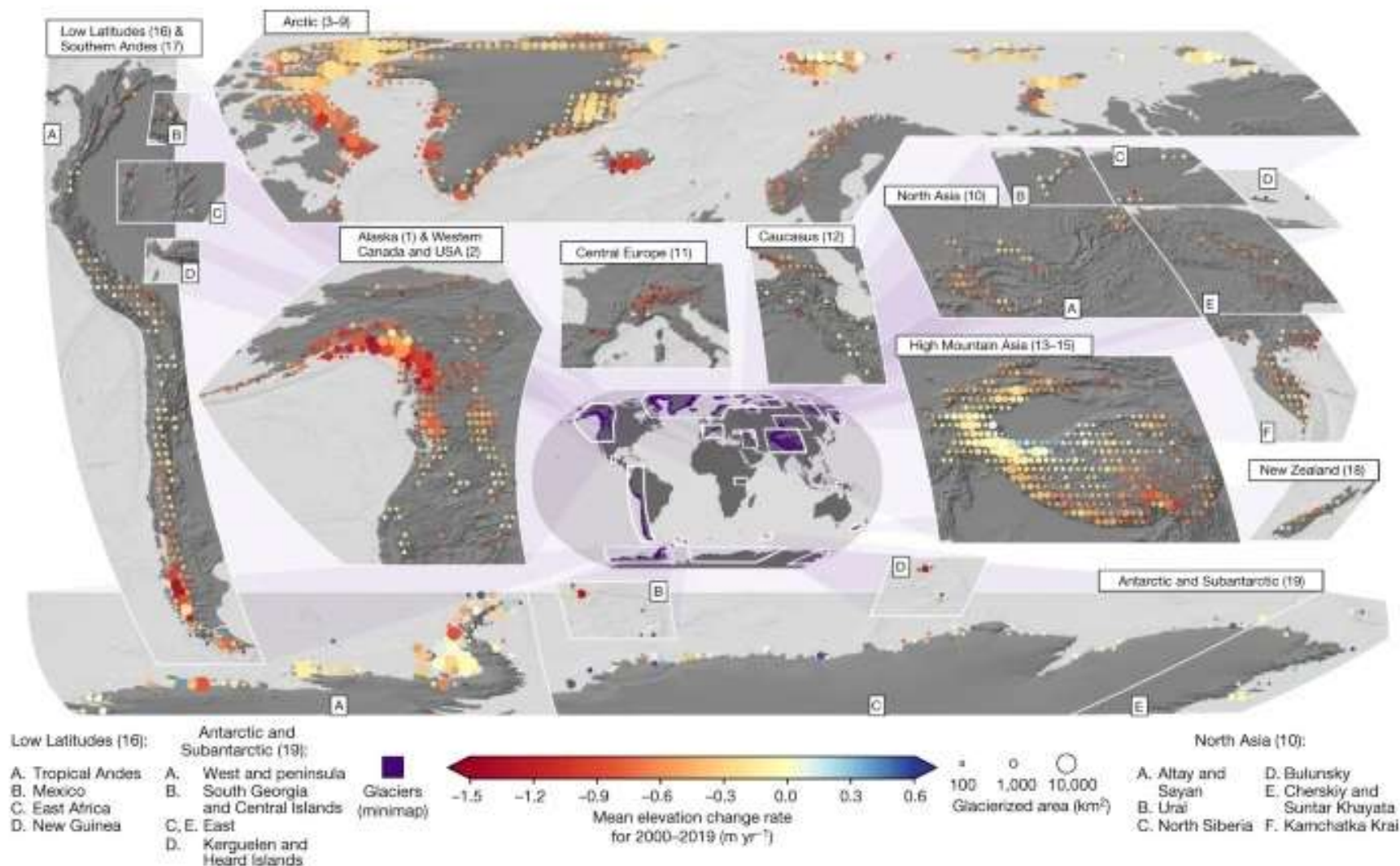
# TERRA (EOS AM-1) The EOS flagship

data since Feb 24, 2000 (launch 18 Dec 1999)

705 km, 10.30am descending



## Fig. 2: Spatial distribution of glacier elevation change between 2000 and 2019.





# ASTER image and DEM : Svalbard, Norway (80N) (15 metre resolution)



Longyearbyen campus  
northernmost - UNIS



UNIS courses-upper  
year/ graduate students

Satellite data  
receiving stations





**ASTER**

**Yoho Nat. Park**

